Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,189. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

LADIES HATS.

C. IZETT begs leave to acquaint the Ladies, that he has at present for sale, a Great Variety of HATS, FEATHERS, and GOLD BANDS, which will be sold at his usual low prices.

N. B. C. I. has always on hand a variety of Gentlemen's Hats of the newest fashion.

Opposite General Post-Office.

WOOLLEN DRAPERY.

MYLES & THOMAS PATTERSON most respectfully beg leave to inform their Friends and the Public, that they have got, in addition to their former stock, an Elegant and Complete Assortment of different Articles in the WOOLLEN DRAPERY LINE, selected by one of the Partners from the principal manufacturing towns, and which they will sell on the most reasonable terms, at their shop above the entry to the Stamp-Office, High Street, viz.

SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of the newest fashions.
Ladies ditto, and Kerseymeres.
Seconds and Livery ditto.
Duffles and Hunters Cloths.
Swandowns and Toilenets, quite new.
Fancy, White, and Printed Quiltings.
Corduroys, Velveteens, and Thicksets.
Flannels and Gloves.

HATS & STOCKINGS.

Commissions from the country carefully attended to.

M. & T. Patterson hope, by an unremitted attention to their profession, and by always having on hand a choice variety of every article, to merit a share of public favour.

CLERK WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED CLERK, capable of conducting business before the Court of Session and Teind Court. Apply to Mr Blackhall, Register-Office.

WANTED AT MARTINMAS FIRST,

A GOOD FEMALE COOK, who has served as Chief Cook in respectable families, and can be well recommended for honesty, sobriety, diligence, cleanliness, and good temper. None else need apply.—Wages will be given agreeable to the qualifications of the person.

Apply to the Publisher of this paper.

WANTED AT MARTINMAS NEXT,

A Capable YOUNG MAN, to act as GROOM, and drive a CHAISE, where other servants are kept, and assist. He must be well recommended for sobriety, attendance, capacity, and behaviour.

Apply to Mess. Home and Cleghorn.

MONEY WANTED, AT MARTINMAS NEXT,

A SUM of FOUR THOUSAND, FIVE THOUSAND, or SIX THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling, on most unexceptionable heritable security.

ALSO,

Two SUMS of ONE THOUSAND, and FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, on personal security.

Apply to Mr James Buchan, W. S.

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED TO BORROW,

FOUR THOUSAND POUNDS Sterling, for which heritable security will be given over an extensive Estate in Fife. Apply to John Taylor, W. S. Edinburgh.

MONEY WANTED,

Now, or at Martinmas Next,

THE SUM of L. 5000, or L. 5500, for which Heritable Security will be given, over a Land Estate of L. 400 a-year, under lease, and on which there is no prior security whatever.

Also, the Sum of L. 600, on unexceptionable Heritable Security.

Also, the Sum of L. 3000, for which an Assignation may be granted to an Heritable Security, and to a separate good personal bond for that Sum.

Apply to George Robinson, and Robert Ainslie, W. S.

BY THE RIGHT HON. THE
LORD PROVOST, MAGISTRATES, AND COUNCIL,
Of the City of Edinburgh,

ALL HALLOW FAIR of this City is to begin upon Monday the 11th day of November 1799, to be continued the usual time, and to be kept and held on the LANDS of CALTON HILL.

CHURCHMAN's PATENT CHOCOLATE,

WITH PRINTED DIRECTIONS FOR USING.

THE reputation of which has been established for near a century, as speedily restoring the animal spirits, and not being liable to ferment on the stomach.

These invaluable qualities adapt it for persons of every age, and under every circumstance in life—for Infants—for Children and Young Persons—for Extreme Old Age; it being perhaps, more than any other substance in nature, a renovator of the blood, and making a palatable nutritive meal for aged persons, when their stomachs are averse from every other food:—for Females in Child-bed, to whom it is *particularly* favourable; being highly nutritious, and more gently *exhilirating*, without *any* of the *pernicious* effects of *wine* and *spirits*, which are now, by the most enlightened practitioners, *entirely laid aside*, as the grand source of that fatal disorder the Child-bed Fever.

TO ŒCONOMISTS

The Patentee recommends his Chocolates of inferior prices; one as low as 4s. 6d. a pound: these contain all the properties above mentioned in *full* proportion, and, allowing one square, or half an ounce, for a breakfast, about 1½d. it will be found cheaper than Tea, as dry toast only is used, and half the quantity of bread fully satisfies.

FRY's PATENT COCOA,

Which has long been in repute as a pleasant breakfast, continues to be made of an excellent quality, and which, if prepared according to the direction, will scarcely be distinguished from a delicate Chocolate.

These Articles are to be had of the Patentee, and all the Tea-Dealers in Bristol, and, in general, of one or more in every principal Town in Great Britain; but none can be depended on as genuine which has not on on the label of *each packet* the name of JOSEPH STORRS FRY, BRISTOL;—to counterfeit which is Felony.

AT PORT-GLASGOW—FOR KINGSTON, JAMAICA,

The remarkable fast-sailing Brig
DISCOVERY,
JOHN REID Commander,
Will be clear to sail by the 15th proximo.

The Discovery has a license and letter of marque, mounts 16 guns, 2 double fortified long four-pounders, 14 eighteen-pounders, carronades and small arms complete, and will have 40 to 50 men.

For passage apply to Mess. A. M'Lachlan and Co. Port-Glasgow, or Alexander Allan, St Andrew's Square.

Glasgow, October 30. 1799.

FARM AND MILL IN ROXBURGHSHIRE.

To be LET, for such a number of years as may be agreed on, and entered to at Whitsunday next, 1800, as to the Houses, Grass, and Pasturage, and at the separation of that crop from the ground as to the Arable Lands,

I.—THE FARM of TOWNFOOT QUARTER of SWINSIDE, with Dwelling-house and Offices, as presently possessed by John Smith, lying in the parish of Oxnam, and within four miles of the town of Jedburgh. The extent is computed to be 381 acres, of which the greatest part is arable, and the remainder pasture land of a good quality.

II.—The MILL of OXNAM and MILL LANDS, consisting of about 10 acres, as presently possessed by William Young. These lie contiguous to the Townfoot Quarter of Swinside, and will be let either alongst with that farm or separately.

Offers in writing may be addressed to the proprietor, or to James Haldane at Broomlands, his factor; and Adam Douglas, baron officer at Swinside, will show the lands.—Offers not accepted will be concealed.

In the Press, and Speedily will be Published,

THE DISPUTE

BETWIXT

THE HON. THE MAGISTRATES AND TOWN COUNCIL OF EDINBURGH

AND

THOMAS SMITH, ESQ.

CONCLUDED;

IN WHICH IT IS SHEWN

That neither party have done much good to the Public, and that it is possible that either or any party might have served them better than has been done hitherto.

BY A PERSON CONVERSANT WITH FACTS.

COOKE's CHEAP AND ELEGANT
POCKET LIBRARY,
CONTAINING THE MOST ESTEEMED AND POPULAR WORKS IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE:

PRINTED in a style of elegance that may challenge competition, on a wove vellum paper, in octo-decimo, or eighteens; a size which forms a happy medium between the extremes of diminutive inconvenience and ponderous inutility, and is equally ornamental for the book-case as it is commodious for the pocket; the volumes therefore form an agreeable travelling companion, adapted for amusement at the fire-side, and equally commodious for passing leisure hours, when nature and the seasons invite us abroad.

Illustrated with Superb Embellishments,

Possessing an uncommon degree of beauty and high finishing, taken from the Paintings and Drawings of *Kirk, Burney, Thurston*, and *Gorbould*, and engraved by *Heath, Neagle, Smith, Reimbach, Warren*, &c.

To gratify the admirers of beautiful printing and decorative elegance,

SUPERIOR EDITIONS

are printed, possessing those peculiar advantages never before united in any editions of the same Works. From their distinguished magnificence they are adapted to accommodate the polite and fashionable circles, the virtuoso in embellishments, and the admirers of the typographic art; as they are additionally embellished with a complete collection of Portraits of the respective Authors, Subject Prints, besides Vignette Frontispieces to every volume, and possess the advantage of the First Impression of the Plates, worked off in the manner of Proofs. These editions therefore exhibit an unexampled specimen of the united beauties of the press and pencil, and form a pleasing unison of neatness and elegance, unequalled in the graphic or typographic art. In short, they appear in the proudest dress of paper, print, and embellishments; and, if perfection and elegance are taken into consideration, the proprietor flatters himself that his Works will gain admission into the libraries of the literati, and the most fashionable of the present age.—The CHEAP EDITION will be embelished with an *elegant Engraving* in every number.

List of the Works already printed, which may be had bound, sewed,
Or in Numbers, price only Sixpence each.

SELECT NOVELS.

Novels.	*Price.*	*Novels.*	*Price.*
Solyman and Almena	0 6	Devil on Two Sticks	2 0
Nourjahad	0 6	Gulliver's Travels	2 0
Zadig	0 6	Joseph Andrews	2 0
Castle of Otranto	0 6	Sisters	2 0
Almoran and Hamet	0 6	Henrietta	3 0
Sentimental Journey	0 6	Telemachus	3 0
Rasselas	1 0	Humphrey Clinker	3 0
Theodosius	1 0	Female Quixotte	3 6
Belisarius	1 0	Moral Tales	3 6
Pompey the Little	1 0	Count Fathom	3 6
Candid	1 0	Tales of the Genii	3 6
Peruvian Princess	1 0	Roderic Random	3 6
Louisa Mildmay	1 0	Robinson Crusoe	4 0
Journ. to next World	1 0	Tristram Shandy	4 0
Advent. of an Atom	1 6	Amelia	4 0
Vicar of Wakefield	1 6	Advent. of a Guinea	5 0
Chinese Tales	1 6	Gil Blas	5 6
Launcelot Greaves	1 6	Peregrine Pickle	6 6
Tale of a Tub	1 6	Tom Jones	6 6
Jonathan Wild	1 6	Don Quixotte	8 0

SACRED CLASSICS.

Death of Abel	0 6	Centaur not Fabulous	1 0
Economy of Human Life	0 6	Blackmore on the Creation	1 0
Addison's Evidences	1 0	Rowe's Letters	2 0
Dodd on Death	1 0	Hervey's Meditations	2 0
Dodd's Prison Thoughts	1 0	Pilgrim's Progress	2 0
Rowe's Exercises	1 0		

BRITISH CLASSICS.

Goldsmith's Essays	1 0	Citizen of the World	3 0
Idler	2 6	Rambler	6 6

SELECT BRITISH POETS.

Goldsmith	0 6	Walsh	0 6	Langhorne	1 6
Gray	0 6	Lansdowne	1 0	Shakespeare	1 6
Armstrong	0 6	Moore	1 0	Thomson	1 6
Falconer	0 6	Addison	1 0	Shenstone	1 6
Collins	0 6	Congreve	1 0	Akenside	1 6
Otway	0 6	Tickle	1 0	Parnel	1 6
Smollett	0 6	Fenton	1 0	Waller	1 6
Pomfret	0 6	Rowe	1 0	Young	4 0
Johnson	0 6	Broome	1 0	Pope	4 0
Dodsley	0 6	Mallet	1 0	Milton	4 0
Lyttleton	0 6	Cunningham	1 0	Dryden	5 6

The above Works will be followed by others of equal estimation, and at the same reduced price, printed verbatim from the original copies.

From the prices affixed to these editions the Public may perceive how infinitely cheaper they are than any others submitted to their choice, notwithstanding they contain *superb Engravings*, besides *Lives, Notes, Arguments, Glossaries*, &c.

London: Printed for C. COOKE, No. 17. Paternoster-row, And Sold by CHEYNE, CHAPMAN and CO. Edinburgh; And may be had of All Booksellers in Great Britain and Ireland.

Mr LIGNUM.

DEAR SIR, *Rochdale, April 8. 1799.*

HAVING been informed by several persons of character of the great benefit they have received from your ANTISCORBUTIC DROPS, particularly one Alexander Milne, of Heywood, in the parish of Bury, Lancashire, who desires his case may be made known to the Public, has induced me to send his testimony to you for insertion in the public papers, if agreeable, as delivered to me by himself within these few days.

His complaint was a dry scurvy or leprosy, with which he had been severely afflicted for some years, but more particularly the last twelve months.—At a great expence he had applied to several gentlemen of the faculty, but received no benefit; on the contrary, his complaint daily increased, which brought him so low by sickness, attended with excruciating pain in his head, that he had given up all hopes of recovery. A few weeks ago he applied to me for a bottle of your Antiscorbutic Drops, from which he found himself inexpressibly better; he then had a second bottle, after that a third; but observed that he did not think he had occasion for the latter; but as they had made such a wonderful change in his frame for the better, he thought it prudent to take the third bottle. Any person wishing to call upon me for further information, may be fully satisfied with the greatest pleasure.

I remain, Sir, your very humble servant,
THOS. GREENLEES, Bookseller, Rochdale.

To Mr Lignum, Surgeon, No. 57, Bridge Street, Manchester.

☞ These Drops are sold in moulded square bottles, at 12s. and 4s. 6d.—One 12s. bottle is equal in quantity to three 4s. 6d. ones.—They may be had wholesale and retail at Mr Lignum's, No. 57, Bridge Street, Manchester, and by appointment, by

R. SCOTT, APOTHECARY,
No. 8. South Bridge, Edinburgh; and by

Mr Keltie, perfumer, No. 15, St Andrew's Street, N. Town.
Mr Coke, bookseller, Leith.
Mr Angus Macdonald, jeweller, and Mr Mennons, printer, Glasgow.
Mr Dick, surgeon, Dundee.
Mr Dempster, surgeon, Cupar
Mr Cragie, Montrose.
Mess. Johnston & Bisset, Perth.
Mr Scott, surgeon, Kelso.
Mr Dickson, druggist, Dumfries
Mr Phorson, Berwick.
Mr Brown, Mr Hodson, Mr Hall, } Printers, Newcastle.

SONS OF THE CLERGY.

THE Society, incorporated by Royal Charter for the Benefit of the SONS of the CLERGY of the CHURCH of SCOTLAND, have the satisfaction to find that their funds are in such a state of progressive increase as to enable them, in addition to those already on the scheme, to admit a few more Young Men into the benefit of the institution.

They have ordered this intimation to be given, that applications for this purpose will be received by the Treasurer, Secretary, or any Member of the Committee of Management, on or before the 25th day of November next.

All applications to the Society must be attested by the minister of the parish where the applicant resides, or by the minister of some of the neighbouring parishes, who has personal access to know the facts therein stated.

Each of the Young Men already on the scheme is likewise required to lodge, before the said 25th of November, a certificate attested as above, mentioning particularly whether any and what change has taken place in his situation, so far as may relate to his requiring the aid of the Society. In case of such certificate not being lodged, the Society will consider the person who fails as giving up any views of receiving further aid from the Society's funds.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Mr John Bonar, Solicitor of Excise.	Rev. Mr Finlayson, one of the ministers of Edinburgh.
Rev. Dr. Moodie, one of the ministers of Edinburgh.	Mr Neil M'Vicar, merchant in Edinburgh.
Rev. Dr Gloag, one of the ministers of Edinburgh.	Dr James Hamilton, physician, Edinburgh.
Mr Arch. Gibson, clerk to the signet.	Mr James Dickson, bookseller, Edinburgh.

Mr ALEX. BONAR, Treasurer.
Mr WM. CREECH, Secretary.

As the funds are not yet by any means adequate to the extensive field in which the aid of the institution would be required, the Society must still look to the Public for that support which will enable them to proceed, with increasing effect, to take charge of a description of young men whom their country has every reason to encourage.

The Society have the pleasure to inform the Public, that last year they were able to afford aid to Thirty-two Young Men in the profession of their studies.

LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE.

TICKETS, and SHARES of TICKETS, *in both the present Lotteries*, in the greatest variety of numbers,

ARE NOW SELLING BY

J. BRANSCOMB,

One of the Original Contractors for the present Irish Lottery, and Proprietor of the

LUCKY LOTTERY-OFFICES

AT

A. SIEVWRIGHT's

No. 12. NICOLSON'S STREET, EDINBURGH,

And No. 11, Holborn, at the following prices, viz.

Irish Ticket *only* L. 7 17 6		*British* Ticket *only* L. 15 12 0	
Halves	4 4 0	Halves	8 0 0
Quarters	2 3 0	Quarters	4 1 0
Eighths	1 2 0	Eighths	2 1 0
Sixteenths	0 11 0	Sixteenths	1 1 0

Registering per share 6d.

CAPITAL PRIZES SOLD, SHARED, AND REGISTERED at the above Offices, in LAST IRISH LOTTERY,

No. 27,167 entitled to L. 10,000
16,321 2000
1709 500

AND IN FORMER LOTTERIES,

Prizes.	*Value.*	*Total.*	*Prizes.*	*Value.*	*Total.*
3 of L. 30,000	is L. 90,000		11 of L. 5000	is L. 55,000	
6 -	20,000 -	120,000	19 -	3000 -	57,000

With a great number of inferior value.

N. B.—All orders for the above Office, transmitted by *Post*, or by CARRIERS, MAIL COACHMEN or GUARD, carefully executed, without any additional expence to the adventurers, and PRIZES PAID ON DEMAND.—SCHEMES GRATIS.

ENGLISH AND IRISH STATE LOTTERIES
For 1799.

THE TICKETS are sold and divided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths,

BY

HAZARD, BURNE, & CO.

STOCKBROKERS,

AT THEIR STATE LOTTERY OFFICE,

No. 93, under the Royal Exchange, London, and no where else on their account.

All shares sold at this Office will be stamped agreeable to act of Parliament, and also with the Crown, and round it—"Hazard & Co's Lottery Office."

Letters, post paid, duly answered, and schemes gratis.

Orders, accompanied with short dated bills on London, or Post Office Orders, punctually attended to; and to prevent mistakes as well as delay, Correspondents are requested to transmit them by post.

Bank, India, and South Sea Stocks, with their several annuities, India Bonds, Exchequer Bills, and all kind of Government Securities, bought and sold by commission.

PRESENT PRICE OF SHARES.

ENGLISH, Which begins Drawing March 3, 1800.		IRISH, Which begins Drawing 18th Nov. 1799.	
Half,	L. 8 0 0	Half,	L. 4 4 0
Quarter,	4 1 0	Quarter,	2 3 0
Eighth,	2 1 0	Eighth,	1 2 0
Sixteenth,	1 1 0	Sixteenth,	0 11 0

THIS MONTH,
NOVEMBER 18,

THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY
Commences Drawing.

SCHEME.

No. of Prizes.	*Val. of each.*	*Total Val.*
1 of	L. 15,000 is	L. 15,000
2 —	10,000 —	20,000
3 —	5,000 —	15,000
3 —	2,000 —	6,000
4 —	1,000 —	4,000
8 —	500 —	4,000
30 —	100 —	3,000
100 —	20 —	2,000
9,000 —	9 —	81,000
9,151 Prizes.		L. 150,000
25,849 Blanks.		
35,000 Tickets.		

The First-drawn 21st day 5,000 l. First-drawn 23d day 10,000l. are part of the above Capitals.

TICKETS AND SHARES

Are selling at every Licensed Office, and the Prizes will be paid as usual on demand.

Present Prices.

Tickets - - L. 7 17 6

Half	L. 4 4 0		Eighth	L. 1 2 0	
Fourth	2 3 0		Sixteenth	0 11 0	

Persons in the country, remitting Post-Office orders, cash by the mail or stage-coachmen, to any Lottery-Office of credit, will have Tickets or Shares sent them on the same terms as if personally present.

The demand for Tickets and Shares in the present Lottery being very great, the price will regularly advance as the drawing approaches, the same as in the late Lottery.

SALMON FISHING IN ROSS-SHIRE.

To be LET for 21 years, or such other term as shall be agreed on, and entered to on the 12th of December next,

THE SALMON FISHING on the Water of CONON, situated ten miles from Inverness, and two miles from Dingwall, both sea-port towns. This is the only Cruive Fishing on the Water, and well known to be extremely valuable.

For further particulars, enquiry may be made at Edward Hay, Esq. of Newhall, by Haddington, or Mr Duncan, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, to whom also offers may be sent.

ENGLISH ENCYCLOPÆDIA.

The Proprietors of the above highly patronized undertaking inform the Public, That they have now reprinted the First Volume, which, for some time past, application has been made for, without their being able to supply the increasing demand for this Work of general utility and entertainment.

They now therefore re-publish, handsomely printed in 4to, No. I. price 6d. or Vol. I. Part I. price 10s. 6d. containing twenty plates, in boards, of

THE ENGLISH ENCYCLOPÆDIA; or, A COLLECTION of TREATISES, and DICTIONARY of TERMS illustrative of the ARTS and SCIENCES.

One Number of this Work will be published every week, price 6d.; or a Part, comprising half a Volume, with a proportionate number of Plates, once every four months, till the whole of the undertaking is completed. And, in the course of the publication will be introduced, an elegantly engraved Frontispiece, from a design by Mr Burney.

But, for the accommodation of those subscribers who are desirous of purchasing this Work in quicker succession, there are 230 Numbers now published, or six Volumes and an half, containing 13 Parts, price of the whole 7l. 14. 6d. which may be had either together, or in proportion of two, three, or four at a time.

Printed for G. Kearsley, No. 46, Fleet Street, London. Also to be had of Colbert, Dublin; Bell and Bradfute, Edinburgh; Murdoch, Glasgow; Brown and Burnett, Aberdeen; and Boyd, Dumfries.

Vol. VII. Part I. is just published, price 12s. 6d. in boards.

WINES.

A Very great advance having taken place in Portugal on the Cost of Wines, WALKER, THOMSON, & CO. beg leave to announce, that they had secured a Stock in that country, which enables them at present to continue selling the Oldest WINE on their usual favourable terms; but as they cannot hope long to avoid raising their prices, they must recommend to their Friends to purchase without delay.

Leith, September 26, 1799.

SALE OF AN ARABIAN STALLION, YOUNG HORSES, FAT CATTLE, AND SHEEP.

There will be exposed to SALE by public roup, at Balgowan, near Perth, on Thursday the 7th November 1799,

A Beautiful Grey ARABIAN STALLION, perfectly sound and free from blemish; together with a number of YOUNG HORSES bred by him, from one to four years old.—At same time will be sold, some FAT CATTLE and SHEEP.

Balgowan, Oct. 29. 1799.

WHALE OIL.

THE EAST-LOTHIAN and MERSE WHALE-FISHING COMPANY have still on hand about Fifty Tons of very fine WHALE OIL, which will be sold either altogether, or in quantities not less than one ton.

Any person inclining to purchase may apply to the Managers of the said Company at Dunbar.

SALE OF BRITISH LINEN COMPANY STOCK.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL SHARES of BRITISH LINEN COMPANY STOCK.

Apply to Archibald and John Tods, W. S.

To be gained:

SIXTY THOUSAND POUNDS,
By purchasing One English Ticket, at £. 15 12 0

THIRTY THOUSAND POUNDS,
By Half a Ticket, at £. 8 0 0

FIFTEEN THOUSAND POUNDS
By a Quarter of a Ticket, at £. 4 [illegible]
By an Eighth of a Ticket, at £. 2 [illegible]

AND

THREE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED AND FIFTY POUNDS,
By a Sixteenth of a Ticket, at £. 2 1 0

A GRAND SCHEME.

ENGLISH STATE LOTTERY, 1799,

BEGINS DRAWING MARCH 3, 1800.

2	Prizes of L. 30,000		10	Prizes of L. 1,000	
3	—	20,000	20	—	500
3	—	10,000	26	—	100
4	—	5,000	54	—	50
5	—	2,000	16,650	—	18
First-drawn 20th Day			20,000		
First-drawn 26th Day			30,000		

The two last Capitals are included in the Scheme.

TICKETS and SHARES are selling at the Licensed Lottery-Offices in England, Scotland, and Ireland, at the above low prices.

ALE LICENSES.

STAMP-OFFICE, EDINBURGH, OCT. 29, 1799.

WHEREAS the time now approaches for taking out STAMPED LICENSES for retailing ALE, BEER, or other Excisable LIQUORS within the Royal Burghs, Shires, and Stewartries: These are therefore intimating to all such persons who are retailers as aforesaid, That if they do not take out their Licenses within the respective days appointed by the acts of Parliament, they will be prosecuted as the law directs, for the several penalties enacted in the statutes in that case made and provided.

The Clerks of the Peace, and Clerks of Royal Burghs, are also required to transmit to the Collector of Stamp-duties at Edinburgh, before the 10th of December next, certified lists of the persons licensed in terms of law; and such as neglect to do so will be prosecuted for the statutory penalty of 10l. Sterling.

The statute 32d of his present Majesty, cap. ix, enacts,—"That from and after the 10th October 1793, it shall not be "lawful for any person or persons whatever, by virtue of any "license or licenses granted, or to be granted, by any of the "Commissioners or Officers of Excise, for the sale of Foreign "Wines or British made Wines, or Sweets, by retail, to sell the "same by retail, to be drunk in his, her, or their house or "houses, or place thereto adjoining or belonging, except such "person or persons only to whom a license shall have been "granted by Justices of the Peace, or other Officers to sell "Ale, Beer, and other Liquors, in the same house or houses "respectively." GEORGE BUCHAN, Solicitor.

A HOUSE IN WARDROP's COURT.

For Sale by public roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 18th day of December next, at two o'clock P. M.

THAT HOUSE lately possessed by Mr M'Ritchie, writer, consisting of five rooms, one bed closet, kitchen, garret room, and two cellars.

It is presently occupied by the Commissioners of Income, and has an entrance both from Wardrop's Court, and the Earthen Mound. The situation is centrical, and improving in value, and the present rent is 25l.

For particulars apply to Mess. Gibson & Oliphant, W. S.

TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

THOSE indebted to Mr ADAM STEWART, Writer in Edinburgh, now deceased, are requested to make payment to Mr Alexander Keay, accountant, No. 59, Queen Street, on or before the 20th December next.—And Mr Stewart's Creditors to lodge with Mr Keay states of their claims, grounds thereof, and oaths of verity.

TO THE CREDITORS OF
Miss KNOX and STARK, formerly Milliners in Edinburgh.

AS the greatest part of the Funds will be realized in the course of the ensuing month of December, it is proposed to make a division among the Creditors about the beginning of January next; and intimation is hereby made to the Creditors, that, unless they lodge their claims, and oaths of verity thereon, with Robert Allan, Accountant in Edinburgh, the Trustee, or Edward Bruce, clerk to the signet, between and the 1st day of December next, they will be excluded from any share in the proposed dividend.

BUONAPARTE's EXPEDITION.

As the Engliſh and Turkiſh accounts of the memorable ſiege of Acre have been formerly given, we now lay the French details on that ſubject before the public, as they appear in Berthier's journal of the Expedition in Syria.

VENTOSE 27—The head-quarters of the army began to enter on their march againſt Acre; the roads were exceedingly bad, the weather very foggy, the army arrived but very late on the mouth of the little river of Acre, which is at the diſtance of 1500 fathoms from the fortreſs.

The river runs through a very marſhy ground; Buonaparte did not think it adviſeable to attempt ſo perilous a paſſage during the night; and the more ſo as the enemy had puſhed forward riflemen in infantry and cavalry, to the oppoſite ſide of the river.

The night was employed in conſtructing a bridge; 28th, at break of day, the whole army paſſed over.

VENTOSE 28—The Commander in Chief aſcended an eminence that commands St Jean d'Acre, at the diſtance of 1000 fathoms: he ordered to attack the enemy, who were drawn up in the gardens that environed the town, and compelled them to retire within the fortreſs.

The army encamped upon an inſulated eminence that runs near to, and parallel with the ſea, and which extends as far as Cape Blanc, about a league and a half to the northward, commanding to the eaſt a plain about a league and three quarters in length, terminated by the mountains that lie between Acre and the Jordan.

The magazines found at Caiffa, and thoſe ſeized upon at the villages of Schaſſamz and Nazareth, were made uſe of for the ſuſtenance of the army.

The mills at Ranoux and Kerdanne were employed in grinding the corn. The army had no bread ſince they left Cairo.

Buonaparte ordered the caſtles of Saffet, Nazareth, and Schaſſamz, to be occupied, in order to keep clear diffetent debouches on the road to Damas.

VENTOSE 29—Generals Dommartin and Caffarelli go out to reconnoitre the fortreſs. It was reſolved to attack the front of the ſaliant angle at the eaſtward of the town. The Chief of Brigade, Sanſon, was wounded in the hand by a ball which paſſed through it. No intelligence has yet arrived of the ſiege artillery that was ſent by ſea.

VENTOSE 30—This day the trenches were opened at about 150 fathoms from the fortreſs, and advantage was taken of the gardens, the ditches, of old town, and of an aqueduct that unites with the glacis of the town; poſts were ſtationed to blockade the place, ſo as to keep the enemy within their walls, and to repulſe them with advantage and effect in caſe they ſhould attempt a ſortie. The works of the breaching batteries and of the counter-batteries were commenced.

The commander of the Engliſh ſquadron was well informed that there was a great quantity of proviſions at Caiffa; he reſolved upon ſeizing them, and alſo upon carrying off ſome ſmall veſſels that had arrived from Jaffa, with proviſions for us.

Buonaparte had proviſionally entruſted the command of Caiffa to the chief of ſquadron, Lambert, a diſtinguiſhed officer.

GERMINAL 2—We this day heard a heavy cannonade from the camp of Acre, on the ſide of Caiffa. We were ſoon informed that ſeveral Engliſh ſloops of war had attacked Caiffa, and had advanced [illegible] with a view to take poſſeſſion of them; that the chief of ſquadron, Lambert, had given orders to permit the Engliſh to approach, without diſplaying any movement or meaſure of defence; that he had alſo concealed an howitzer; that he had placed in ambuſcade about 60 men who compoſed his garriſon; that at the moment the enemy were on the point of landing, he took occaſion to fall upon them, attacking them with a ſharp fire of muſquetry: that he had boarded and taken one of the ſloops, and alſo an artillery piece of 32, and made priſoners 17 Engliſh; that he had diſcharged his howitzer againſt the other ſloops, which took to flight, having almoſt the whole of their crews killed or wounded, among whom were two officers.

The Engliſh Commodore relinquiſhed his deſigns againſt Caiffa. He came and caſt anchor before Acre.

GERMINAL 6.—The works of the ſiege were puſhed on with activity; on the 6th, the enemy made a ſortie, in which they were repulſed with loſs. On the 8th the breaching and the counter-batteries were completed. Our ſiege artillery had not yet arrived; as a ſubſtitute we made uſe of our field pieces, conſiſting of four pieces of twelve, eight pieces of eight, and four howitzers; at day-break we began to batter in breach the tower; about three in the evening a breach was made; a mine was branched out to blow up the counterſcarp. The mine exploded; and we imagined the effect complete. The impatience of the troops determined upon the aſſault; we looked upon the breach to be as practicable as that of Jaffa; the grenadiers ſprung forward, but they ſoon found themſelves arreſted in their progreſs by a trench of 15 feet, well provided with a counterſcarp. This obſtacle did not damp their ardour; they proceeded to place their ladders—the grenadiers deſcended, but the breach was ſtill from eight to ten feet above the ruins—ſome ladders were placed to it. Mailly, the Aſſiſtant-Adjutant-General, aſcended the firſt; he climbed the breach, and was killed. The fire from the fortreſs was tremendous; the counterſcarp checked the progreſs, and compelled to retreat the grenadiers who were intended to ſupport thoſe who advanced the firſt; the Adjutant-Generals Leſcalles and Laugnier were killed.

A firſt emotion of terror had ſeized the enemy—they fled towards the harbour, but were ſoon brought back to the breach, where the braveſt of Dgezzar's troops were engaged. The height of the breach above the ruins prevented our grenadiers from aſcending it, which afforded the enemy ſufficient time to return to the top of the tower, from whence they threw down ſtones, diſcharged grenadoes, and poured down combuſtible materials. The diviſion of grenadiers who arrived at the foot of the breach, not being able to paſs through it, were obliged to take ſhelter under our trenches. Six men were killed and twenty wounded.

The capture of Jaffa had filled our men with a confidence which made them look upon Acre as of leſs importance than perhaps it deſerved. We had not ſufficiently reconnoitred the ditch. The counterſcarp was ſuppoſed to preſent but a trifling obſtacle; it was ſuppoſed to be in a great meaſure broken down, and that it only preſented a ſloping. In fine, the eagerneſs to begin the aſſault, made us take for certain, that the mine had blown up the counterſcarp, while it only pierced a tunnel into the glacis.

GERMINAL 12.—On the 12th a frigate came and anchored in the road of Caiffa; a few hours after we learnt that Commodore Lambert having noticed the Turkiſh colours, had ordered the French garriſon not to ſhew themſelves. The Turkiſh frigate, being ignorant of our arrival, ſent a boat to land with their ſecond in command and 40 men. They landed, upon which the French ſurrounded them, and took them priſoners, and alſo took poſſeſſion of their boat.

On the 10th the enemy made a ſortie; they were repulſed with conſiderable loſs. The Chief of Brigade of the engineers, Detroyes, was killed.

Dgezzar had ſent emiſſaries to Aleppo, to Damas, ſaid to be Naplouſians; he had alſo tranſmitted a great quantity of money in order to encourage all the Muſſulmen capable of bearing arms, to riſe in a maſs, in the hope, as he expreſſed it, of effectually oppoſing the infidels; he likewiſe obſerved, that we were but an handful of men unprovided with artillery; that he was ſupported with a very formidable force from England, and that they had only to ſtand forth in order to exterminate us.

We were informed by a party of Chriſtians that a ſtrong collection of troops was forming at Damas, and that conſiderable magazines of proviſions were amaſſed at the fort of Tabarie, which was occupied by the Maugrebins.

Dgezzar was in momentary expectation of the arrival of the combined army of Damas, and was conſequently encouraged to attempt ſorties.

On the 12th, we had not as yet received our ſiege artillery, on the contrary, we learnt that three ſhips of the flotilla, which had ſailed from Damietta, laden with ammunition and proviſions, had been led aſtray, and that in the middle of hazy weather they had fallen foul of an Engliſh ſquadron, by whom they were captured; the others arrived ſafe at Jaffa.

Some ſiege pieces were on board the three ſhips that had been taken. Buonaparte expedited a meſſenger to Rear-Admiral Peree, and to Damietta, with orders to replace the loſt artillery.

On the 12th the place continued again to be battered in breach, and a great quantity of the counterſcarp was blown up. Buonaparte iſſued an order for attempting to take poſt in the tower we were battering; but the enemy had ſo filled the tower with wood, with ſand-ſacks, and bales of cotton, to which our howitzers had ſet fire, that all ſuch attempts proved ineffectual; we continued waiting for our ſiege artillery, and for additional works, in order to renew our attack. During this interval we were employed in ſtretching out a trench, in order to eſtabliſh a mine under the tower we were attacking in breach, and to blow it up.

This work was of conſiderable importance.—The enemy, who were aware of it, made an attempt to take poſſeſſion of the entrance of the mine; but their attempts were uniformly unavailing.

GERMINAL 16—The Engliſh Commodore obſerved the troops of the Dgezzar to have been repulſed in a variety of ſorties. He concerted a freſh ſortie in concert with the French emigrant Phelippeaux.

On the 18th the enemy, at break of day, came on with an attack againſt our left and our centre; each column was headed by naval troops belonging to the Engliſh ſhips, and their colours were ſeen waving in conjunction with thoſe of the Dgezzar, and the batteries were all manned by Engliſh troops. The enemy made an attempt to ſurpriſe our advanced poſts, but their deſign was ſeen through: we received them with a briſk [illegible] all that attempted to appear againſt us were either killed or wounded. The enemy ultimately retired without gaining an inch towards deſtroying our work.

The central column acted with more obſtinacy—their object was to penetrate to the entrance of our mine; they were commanded by Captain Thomas Oldfield; he advanced boldly towards the entrance of the mine, at the head of ſome of his intrepid countrymen; they attacked like heroes, and were received by heroes; death only checked their bold career; the remainder retreated, and took refuge in the fortreſs.

The approaches of the parallels remained covered with the dead bodies of Engliſh and of Turks.

The corpſe of Captain Thomas Oldfield was carried off by our grenadiers—they brought him to our head-quarters—he was at the point of death, but on his arrival he was no more—his ſword, to which he had done ſo much honour, was alſo honoured after his death—it remains in the hands of one of our grenadiers; he was buried amongſt us, and he has carried with him the eſteem of the French army. *(To be continued.)*

BRITISH NAVY November 1.

	Line.	50's.	Frig.	Slpr.	Tot.
In Port and ſitting	63	3	65	113	244
Guard-ſhips, Hoſpital-ſhips, and Priſon-ſhips, at the ſeveral Ports	33	1	3	0	37
In the Engliſh and Iriſh Channels	2	1	23	55	81
In the Downs and North Seas	10	6	38	54	108
At the Weſt India Iſlands, and on the paſſage	2	0	11	18	31
At Jamaica	7	1	18	16	42
In America and at Newfoundland	2	1	8	11	22
Cape of Good Hope, Eaſt Indies, & on the paſſage	9	7	9	14	39
Coaſt of Africa	0	0	1	1	2
Coaſt of Portugal, Gibraltar, and Mediterranean	18	2	26	21	67
Total in Commiſſion	146	22	202	303	673
Receiving ſhips	7	1	8	0	16
Serviceable and repairing for ſervice	3	0	2	0	5
In ordinary	22	1	25	34	82
Building	15	2	4	0	21
Total	193	26	241	337	797

RETURN OF CAPTURES TO THE PRESENT MONTH.

Of the line, including Dutch ſhips of 54 and 56 guns,	83
Frigates, of 28 to 44 guns,	111
Ships — 20 to 26 —	58
Sloops — 14 to 18 —	83
Cutters, gun-veſſels, 12 guns, and under,	81
Total men of war,	416
Privateers, of all nations,	699

BRITISH ARMY.

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT TO NOVEMBER 1.

	Regulars. Cav.	Regulars. Inf.	Fencibles Cav.	Fencibles Inf.	Militia.	Prov. Cav.	Tot. Bat.	Inv. Com.
England and Wales	22	15	14	4	91	6	152	26
North Britain	—	3	5	1	12	—	21	4
Ireland	6	5	12	34*	7	—	64	6
Jerſey, Guernſey, &c.	—	2	—	5	—	—	7	25
Portugal	2	1	—	—	—	—	3	—
Gibraltar Minorca, &c.	—	13	—	—	—	—	13	—
North America	—	7	—	—	—	—	7	—
Weſt Indies	2	30	—	—	—	—	32	—
Cape of Good Hope	1	3	—	—	—	—	4	—
Eaſt Indies	4	18†	—	—	—	—	22	—
On paſſ. from abroad	—	3	—	—	—	—	3	—
Ditto from Holland	4	36	—	—	—	—	40	—
Total	41	136	31	44	110	6	368	61

* And 37 Regiments of Native Militia.

† The Company's Troops excluſive.

NOVEMBER 1.

EXPRESS FROM PARIS.

Paris papers to the 28th inſtant are received.

The ſurrender of Rome and of Civita-Vecchia has taken place, in conſequence of a convention concluded between the General of Diviſion Garnier, commanding the French, Italian, and other troops in the Roman States, and Commodore Trowbridge, commanding the Engliſh ſquadron which blockaded Civita-Vecchia. In conſequence of this convention, an Engliſh detachment was landed, and took poſſeſſion. Rome was delivered up to General Bourcard, commanding the Neapolitan troops. The French garriſon marched out with all the honours of war, and went to Civita-Vecchia, where it was to be embarked for France.

The above intelligence comes from Florence, under date of October 7th, and is taken from the Frankfort Gazette.

They write from Glarus, of the 14th of October, that the French troops had poſſeſſed themſelves of Scholberg, where the enemy was ſtrongly entrenched, but the fear of being turned had obliged them to paſs the Rhine, and retire into the Tyrol.

In the night of the 14th October, Maſſena had a conference with Perrochel at Arau.

The Helvetic Directory having prohibited the inhabitants of Zurich from paying the forced loan of 800,000 francs, Maſſena had diſmiſſed the Swiſs troops from that city, and replaced them by French.

They write from Marſeilles, Oct. 16—"We have had here for ſome days, under quarantine, the garriſon of Civita-Vecchia."

The official account has been publiſhed at Vienna, 12th October, that Rome was to be occupied by the Neapolitan troops, in conſequence of a capitulation on the 30th September, and Civita Vecchia on the ſame day by the Engliſh.

The French diviſion under the orders of Thurreau has retaken Domo d'Oſſolo, and, after a conſiderable advantage over the Auſtro-Ruſſians, has marched to the Upper Lake.

The King of Pruſſia has, it is ſaid, recalled his reſident from Hamburgh.

Admiral Maſſerado was immediately to depart for Breſt.

Eight couriers from Breſt are now due.

The Chouans have entered Nantes.

A meſſage from the Executive Directory to the Council of Five Hundred, tranſmitted on the 3d of Brumaire, October 25th, announced the terms of the convention entered into by his Royal Highneſs the Duke Duke of York and General Brune. The articles, as ſtated in the Redacteur, are exactly the ſame as thoſe given in the London gazette.

The Auſtrian Commiſſion appointed to make enquiry reſpecting the aſſaſſination of the French miniſters at Raſtadt, have cloſed their examination, and the reſult has been tranſmitted to Vienna. It has not yet been made public.

Count Seklich, Envoy of the Emperor, to the circle of the Upper Rhine, is ſtated to have returned from Caſſel to Wurtzbourg, much diſpleaſed with the Landgrave of Heſſe Caſſel, who abſolutely refuſed to furniſh his contingent, and the hundred Roman months decreed by the diet of Ratiſbon. He excuſed himſelf on account of treaties concluded with the French Republic.

The Council of Antients has rejected the reſolution for declaring any one who ſhall propoſe or accept conditions of peace, tending to modify the Conſtitution, or to attack the integrity of the French territory, as determined by the Conſtitution, a traitor to his country.—The ground on which it was rejected was, that it gave to the Legiſlature the initiative of treaties of peace, which the Conſtitution veſts only in the Directory.

STRASBURGH, Oct. 15.—The diviſion of General Murard ſuſtained on the 14th, near Audelſingen, a very unequal combat againſt 1500 Ruſſians and Bavarians, of whom a great part were cavalry. Our advanced guard ſoon yielded; the fell back to the plain of Trucklicken, where it was ſupported by the reſt of diviſions. There then began a general and terrible action, which laſted five hours, after which enemy took to flight, and thought themſelves only ſafe behind the Rhine. The Ruſſians fought like lions, and their wounds did not ſtop them. We took five ſtandards; but to take them we were obliged to kill the officers who bore them. We made beſides 400 priſoners, and above 300 wounded and three pieces of cannon. The enemy left 110 dead on the field of battle, among whom they include a Ruſſian General, ſeveral Ruſſian officers, and hard by 12 Bavarians.

ALEXANDRIA IN PIEDMONT, OCT. 7.—Yeſterday General Melas made another attack on the ſide of Coni, and repulſed the enemy at all points. This important ſucceſs aſſures the communication between Ceva and the Auſtrian camp under Coni. We likewiſe learn, that a French corps which had advanced from Govi towards Puzzuolo-Furmigaro, had been defeated with great loſs.

OFFICIAL.

VIENNA—OCTOBER 12.

Field Marſhal Frolich having received orders to advance with the troops under his command to the ſouthern provinces of Italy, to reſtore tranquillity in Tuſcany and the Roman States, has ſent by his First Lieutenant Comte Staremberg, the following Report of the military events that have taken place in conſequence of this miſſion:

After having occupied, and provided with the neceſſary garriſons, the forts of Florence, Leghorn, Bologna, &c. where he was received with the moſt unequivocal teſtimonies of joy and attachment for the Emperor, as well as for the Grand Duke of Tuſcany, M. Frolich entered with the remainder of his corps upon the Roman territory. In his march towards Rome, he occupied the forts of Perouſe and Civita Caſtellana, which the Tuſcan troops had taken from the enemy; he detatched the Quarter Maſter Petchold with the advanced guard, with orders to proceed by forced marches to Ronciglione, for ſupporting Captain Lizau, poſted on that ſide with five companies of huſſars, and a diviſion of Aretin and Roman inſurgents, which had defended that poſition a long time againſt a ſuperior force.

General Frolich arrived on the 18th, with the remainder of his troops at Ronciglione, where he eſtabliſhed his head-quarters. He placed his advanced poſts at Monte Romano, Toſcanella, Veracella, Sutri, Nepi, Viano, reconnoitred the invirons, and ſought to communicate with the Captain of an Engliſh ſloop, the Transfer, who was then ſeen on the coaſt. On the 21ſt the French attacked the Neapolitan troops poſted at Monte Rotondo, on the left bank of the Tibre.—The Field-Marſhal, on being informed of this, advanced immediately on the road to Rome by Caſtelnuovo, the diviſion of the troops he had poſted at Viano, which he reinforced by a diviſion of the regiment of Thurn, and by ſome cavalry. The enemy fearing that our troops were forcing the entrenched poſt of Ponte-molle, and that by this their retreat would be cut off, retired upon Rome. The Neapolitans then occupied again the poſition of Monte Rotondo, as well as the fortified caſtle of that place.

The 22d Field-Marſhal Frolich made a great reconnoitring party with his troops on the ſide of Rome, Civita Vecchia, and Cornetto. The enemy was attacked on all theſe points, and in a ſhort time repulſed from them. Our advanced poſts then extended to the environs of Cornetto, Toſſa, Orivola, Capranica, and Torta. In conſequence of this ſucceſs, and on the news that the enemy was inclined to capitulate, Marſhal Frolich ſummoned the French General Garnier, Commander in the Roman ſtates, to ſurrender Rome, Civita Vecchia, and Cornetto. The anſwer of that General was, that he was to hold a Council of War, and that he had already on the 24th entered into negociations with Commodore Trowbridge, Commander of the Britiſh ſquadron, and Field-Marſhal Bourcard, Commandant of the Neapolitan troops.

On the 25th a flag of truce was ſent by Garnier to Field Marſhal Frolich, with the articles of capitulation, propoſing to him a ſuſpenſion of arms, and a line of demarkation. But as the articles of capitulation were ſuch that Field Marſhal Frolich did not think himſelf empowered to accept them, he gave for anſwer, that he would neither acquieſce to a line of demarkation or to an armiſtice; that on the contrary he would purſue his operations. The enemy in conſequence was attacked again on the 27th and 28th of September, and repulſed from every point, and our patroles advanced to the very gates of Rome. During the battle of the 20th, which took place on the road from Cornetto to Civita Vecchia, a great number of the enemy were killed, and a conſiderable number of priſoners taken. The enemy was afterwards purſued as far as Civita Vecchia.

There arrived from that town ſome Engliſh officers, who aſſerted that Commodore Trowbridge had already concluded a capitulation in the name of the coaleſced powers, to the effect that Rome ſhould be evacuated on the 28th and 29th, that Civita Vecchia and Cornetto ſhould be occupied on the ſame day by the Engliſh; and Rome on the 30th by the Neapolitan troops. We then took poſſeſſion of Braziano, and we advanced towards Rome, as far as the bridge of the Tibre. The whole extent of the Roman ſtate, which compriſes Viterbo, Monteſiaſconi, Perouſe, Civita Caſtellana, Narni, Terni, Spoletto, Foligno, and Oviato, is occupied by the Imperialiſts. As the capitulation concluded by the allies does no, extend to the port and fortreſs of Alcona, Field-Marſhall Frolich immediately marched with his troops towards that place, in order to reconnoitre its ſituation.

We have this day received ſome farther accounts from France, brought by a veſſel arrived yeſterday at Dover. The intelligence relates to operations in Italy, and is communicated in a Telegraphic Note, dated the 30th of October. The date we preſume to be that on which the news reached Paris. The following is a copy—

TELEGRAPHIC BULLETIN.

8 Brumaire, October 30, year 8.

The army of Italy has beat the enemy; their rear-guard, 1500 men, 2 pieces of cannon, and 1200 muſkets, and a quantity of horſes, have fallen into our hands. They have beſides been driven from the river Levant.

A true copy (Signed) CAMILLEAU.
A true copy (Signed) MAYANS, Sec.

The meſſenger lately arrived from Petersburgh brought *thirty-ſix* ſwords from the Emperor of Ruſſia to his Excellency Count Woronzof, his miniſter here. They are to be given to the officers of the Ruſſian army who have behaved well in Holland. Each ſword has an eſcutcheon of the loweſt order of St Anne of Holſtein, on the upper ſide of the guard; but the beſt part is, that it entitles the bearer to a penſion of *nine hundred* roubles per year, equal to 25l. Sterling.

The underwriters of a conſiderable part of the money loſt in the Lutine, have refuſed to pay their quota of inſurance, alledging that the veſſel departed from her declared courſe, in ſailing with Government diſpatches for the Texel, previouſly to her making the port of Hamburgh. The premium of inſurance was only one guinea per cent.

Among the perſons of diſtinction loſt on board the Lutine frigate, was the Duke de Chatillon, ſon of the Duke of Luxembourg.

Mr Stephen Shairp, the Conſul General from Peterſburgh, is on his way to England in the Dolphin packet, Captain Flynn.

The marriage of the Emperor of Ruſſia's daughter with the Archduke Joſeph, brother to the Emperor of Germany, took place on the 16th inſt. at Catchina, a country reſidence of the Emperor, a ſhort diſtance from Peterſburgh. Prince Charles of Mecklenburgh Schwerin was to be married alſo in a few days after, to another Princeſs, daughter alſo of the Emperor.

The French in Holland are ſaid to have offered to purchaſe as many of our horſes as we wiſh to ſell; and a committee of officers, it is added, is ſitting, to make a valuation of ſuch as are to be ſold.

Out of the three officers who went upon the late expedition from the 1ſt Northampton militia into the 4th regiment of foot, two have been made priſoners, and the third wounded. Enſign Tryond, one of the former, had about him at the time he was taken, 50 guineas and a good watch, of which he was immediately plundered.

The Chouans ſeem to be uſing every endeavour in the weſtern departments of France to increaſe their numbers, and to procure artillery and ammunition.—They have lately been daring enough to attack Nantes, which they have taken.

We have examined the French papers that reached us yeſterday, with great care, to diſcover, if poſſible, ſome article that might ſerve as a clew to lead us to the object of the enemy; though the ſecrecy with which their plans are generally conducted renders it but little likely that information at all to be relied upon ſhould be come at by ſuch means. All that we can collect from them reſpecting the deſtination of the fleet is—"That it is charged with an expedition of the greateſt importance, and that its ſucceſs will ſtrike a moſt deadly blow againſt England!"—*Ami des Loix.*

Whatever be their deſign, we hope every thing will be done to prevent an invaſion of Ireland, which at the preſent moment might even with a ſmall force be productive of infinite trouble and miſchief.

FRENCH FLEET.

FALMOUTH—OCT. 28.

Arrived this morning from off Breſt. the Lurcher cutter, J. Betts maſter, being attached to a ſquadron of frigates under the command of Capt. Cunningham in the Clyde.—By this cutter we hear, that ſhe left the ſquadron on Friday evening, with advice that ſeven ſail of the line and a frigate were then under weigh coming out of Breſt, and that thirty-nine ſail of the line were in the outer road ready for ſea.

On the cutter's paſſage to this port, ſhe fell in with the Majeſtic, from Gibraltar, out of which ſhe took an officer from Sir Sidney Smith, who landed here, and ſet off for town immediately.

The grand fleet was off this port on Friday afternoon, the day the above ſhips came out off Breſt; and as the run from hence to Breſt is not above fifteen or ſixteen hours, ſail, it is hoped they were down on Saturday morning in time to fall in with the enemy.

YARMOUTH—October 30.

Arrived from the army in Holland, the Prince of Wales packet, Capt. Deane, with mails and diſpatches.

The Prince of Wales brought from the Helder, Col. Eays, Captains Graham, Corks, Lake, Stewart, and Brown.

OCTOBER 31.

Wedneſday afternoon arrived the Champion frigate, Captain Hammond, who landed his Highneſs Prince William of Glouceſter in perfect health. His Highneſs was received with every demonſtration of loyalty by the ſpectators, who attended his Highneſs to Lord Duncan's, where they gave him three hearty Britiſh cheers, and then retired.

Thurſday morning arrived the Monarch of 74 guns, Captain Moſs, and the Tourterelle frigate, with troops from the Helder.

The following regiments have been landed here this morning:—1ſt and 2d regiments of guards, 25th, 27th, 55th, 49th, 1ſt, 79th, 40th regiments, Royal and 1ſt regiment Gordon Highlanders, with their officers.

DEAL—October 30.

Arrived in the Downs this morning, the Mary tranſport, with ſick from the Texel, which place ſhe left on Saturday morning laſt, in company with about 25 ſail, with troops, principally horſe, and bound for Ramſgate pier.

The ſick from the Mary are expected to be placed in the General Military Hoſpital at Deal. She brings an account of our troops in general having been embarked for England, and that a very great proportion of the men are ſickly.

A French privateer had the audacity to come within half a league of Ramſgate yeſterday morning, and had nearly captured a ſloop. The privateer fired upwards of 40 ſhot.

PLYMOUTH—Oct. 29.

Yeſterday and to-day have preſented a naval ſpectacle here; the cheſts of dollars have been landed from the Spaniſh prizes, and conveyed from the dock-yard to the citadel (a diſtance of two miles and a half), attended by part of the crews of the captors, alſo a guard of marines, and of the Surrey fencible cavalry, with muſic, and the Engliſh colours hoiſted over the Spaniſh, at the top of the artillery waggons, in which this immenſe treaſure is conveyed, for immenſe you muſt ſuppoſe the number of dollars to be, when they require between 60 and 70 artillery waggons to carry them. The various and whimſical modes in which the Jack Tars expreſſed their joy and exultation when attending this proceſſion, afforded much entertainment. The crews of the Engliſh frigates will ſhare nearly as follows:—The captains about 50,000l. each; the lieutenants and their claſs, between 7 and 8000l. each; the midſhipmen and their claſs, between 2 and 3000l. each; and the common ſailors and marines between 2 and 300l. each.

POOLE—Oct. 30.

Orders have been received at the Cuſtom-houſe to keep a good look-out for the homeward-bound Liſbon fleet, as ſeveral perſons are expected home in it, that landed there from Mogadore with all their baggage;—and as the plague is making ſuch ravages in that country, it is not unlikely but they may bring it with them, which, of all human calamities, would be the moſt dreadful.

HULL—Oct. 29.

Yeſterday morning arrived in the Humber, the Ruſſian frigate Raphael, with 190 ſick and wounded Ruſſian ſoldiers on board from Holland. She left the Texel on Monday, the 14th inſtant, but by ſtreſs of weather was obliged to make for Hamburgh, and ſoon afterwards to bear away for Norway.—On Monday, the 21ſt, ſhe loſt her main and mizen maſts in a gale; during which time ſeveral of the Ruſſians died.—Fifty-eight were landed at the garriſon this morning; the remainder in the courſe of the day; after which it is expected the frigate will come up to this port to repair.

There is at preſent in the Middleſex Hoſpital a young and delicate female, who calls herſelf Miſs T—lb—t, and who is ſaid to be related to ſome families of diſtinction: Her ſtory is very ſingular. At an early period of her life, having been deprived by the villany of a truſtee, of a ſum of money, bequeathed her by a deceaſed relation of high rank, ſhe followed the fortunes of a young naval officer, to whom ſhe was attached, and perſonated a common ſailor before the maſt, during a cruize in the north ſeas. In conſequence of a lover's quarrel, ſhe quitted her ſhip, and aſſumed for a time the military character: But her paſſion for the ſea prevailing, ſhe returned to her favourite element, did good ſervice, and received a ſevere wound on board Earl St Vincent's ſhip on the glorious 14th of February, and again bled in the cauſe of her country in the engagement off Camperdown. On this laſt occaſion her knee was ſhattered, and an amputation is likely to enſue. This ſpirited female, we underſtand, receives a penſion of 20l. from an illuſtrious lady, which is about to be doubled.

Wedneſday the celebrated Jane Gibbs was recognized paſſing through Bedford Square, when a mob collected and proceeded to great acts of violence towards her, tearing her clothes, &c. and had it not been for the timely interpoſition of ſome humane perſons, who contrived to get her away in a hackney coach, ſhe would, in all probability, have been murdered.

The little corps of Conde was ſo encumbered with women, valets, and non-combatants of all kinds, that it required 1300 horſes for its equipage.

The Malteſe, it is ſaid, have ſolicited to be placed under the protection of this country; and that Capt. Ball of his Majeſty's ſhip Alexander, may be appointed Governor of that iſland.

Wedneſday, the perſons introduced to his Majeſty were, his Highneſs the Hereditary Prince of Orange by his father, on his return from Holland; Mr Thomas Grenville, on his arrival from the Court of Berlin; General Tarleton, on his arrival from Liſbon; Colonel Abercromby, ſon to General Abercromby, from the Weſt Indies; Colonels Twentyman and Ruddock, on their promotion in the army; and Major Brown, from the Britiſh ſettlements of Surinam.

When the Cabinet Miniſters had withdrawn, General Edmonſtone was introduced, and had an audience of his Majeſty.

It is with the greateſt ſatisfaction we are enabled to ſtate, that the following is the property that will be ſhared by the gallant officers and crews who have been the fortunate captors of the two Spaniſh frigates now arrived at Plymouth.—The diſtribution will be—

Three Eighths to the Captains, which will afford	L.249,999 15
One ditto to the Lieutenants	2,833 0
Ditto ditto to the Warrant Officers	8,333 0
Ditto ditto to the petty ditto	3,603 0
Two Eights to the ſeamen	632 0

Captain Drummond, of the Bull Dog bomb veſſel, arrived at the Admiralty on Wedneſday afternoon from the iſland of Corfu, and Gibraltar, being alſo the bearer of diſpatches from Lord Nelſon.

Yeſterday arrived at Portſmouth the Druid frigate, from Minorca.

The Directory has ſanctioned the forced loan demanded by Maſſena on ſeveral towns in Helvetia.

The total amount of the contributions impoſed by the French on the Helvetic Republic, is eſtimated at two millions of livres. St Gall has already paid 400,000 livres, and the ſmall towns of Trogen and Egliſau have not been ſpared.

Mr Kirby, the keeper of Newgate, had prepared, agreeable to orders, two rooms over the chapel for the reception of Napper Tandy and his aſſociates.

They were kept in ſeparate cabins on board the frigate, and a centinel placed at each of their doors.

Napper Tandy appears about 70 years of age, and wears his hair, which is very white, ſhort in his neck. Blackwell and Morres are tall, genteel looking men, and appear between 30 and 40 years of age. Peters has the appearance of a foreigner, and is about 25 years of age.

They will be ſent to Ireland in a few days, to take their trial for high treaſon. They will be previouſly examined by our Privy Council.

Colonel Blackwell had the command of the French troops that landed in the north of Ireland; the commiſſions he and Morres bear are in the French army. Napper Tandy was alſo in that expedition. They are all natives of Ireland.

SHOEING OF HORSES, AS PRESCRIBED BY THE VETERINARY COLLEGE—"Nothing to be cut from the ſoles, binders, or frog, but looſe rotten ſcales. No ſhoes to be fitted on red hot. Shoes to be made of good iron, with a flat ſurface for the horſe to ſtand on; web not ſo wide as formerly, and weakeſt at heel, that the frog may reſt on the ground. No more opening of heels, on any pretence."

Some time ago a certain Lord gave a grand gala to the members of the volunteer corps in his neighbourhood, all of whom attended in full uniform. Among others, his Lordſhip's taylor was preſent, and the hoſt came up to him, ſaying, "My dear ſir, How d'ye do? —I beg your pardon, I forget your name, but I perfectly recollect ſeeing you ſomewhere before."—The taylor was a little confounded by this particular notice, and as the beſt way of making himſelf remembered, whiſpered, "I made your breeches."—The Noble Lord thinking the taylor had informed him of his name, turned round, and took him by the hand, exclaiming—"Major Bridges, I am happy to ſee you."

—STOCKS—

This day, (Nov. 1.) at twelve o'clock.

3 per cent. con. 60¾ 61—*Omnium*, 6¼ 7

Exchanges on Dublin 13

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—NOVEMBER 4.

—BREST FLEET.—

The extent of the intelligence brought by the Lurcher cutter, has now tranſpired. On Friday ſe'ennight, ſeven ſail of the line and a frigate, left Breſt water, and 39 ſail of the line were in the outer road ready for ſea!

That afternoon Lord Bridport, with the channel fleet, was off Falmouth, and it was hoped would be in time off Breſt to detach a ſufficient force in purſuit of the enemy, whoſe courſe would be traced by our cruizers. In the mean time, we are left in a ſtate of uncertainty as to its object.

The moſt general opinion is, that this detachment has troops on board, and is deſtined for Ireland. Nothing indeed, on the face of it ſeems ſo probable. The ſymptoms of rebellion which have appeared in Ireland, ſeem to argue ſome knowledge of an attempt to ſend over aſſiſtance from France, and the enemy, aware that the country was ſtripped of men by the expedition to the Continent, may have conceived this to be the moſt favourable opportunity that could offer.

Freſh tranſports continue to arrive almoſt hourly with the remains of our army from Holland. The whole are probably embarked before this time; and they may be expected in England as ſpeedily as the wind will permit.

His Highneſs Prince William of Glouceſter landed at Yarmouth on Wedneſday laſt, and has ſince reached Glouceſter Houſe in perfect health. His Royal Highneſs the Duke of York is hourly expected.

The Earl of Chatham is alſo arrived in London.

French papers to the 30th ultimo have been received. See Extracts in the foregoing columns.

The Liſbon fleet, under convoy of the Zealous, is arrived at the Needles.

—THE POOR.—

The unfavourable harveſt muſt naturally excite the commiſeration of every humane heart towards the poor, and it is with no ſmall degree of pleaſure we learn, that yeſterday ſeveral miniſters in this city addreſſed their audiences in their behalf, in language equally juſt and perſuaſive, which we hope will have the effect of drawing forth liberal donations from thoſe who have hearts that feel, and power to give.

We are happy to hear, that the boy who was adverſiſed as having left his mother's houſe in the New Town, on Tueſday laſt, is now ſafe with a friend in the country.

Two new candidates are now canvaſſing the borough of Berwick, and one of the preſent members, it is ſuppoſed, will retire. This is Lord Tyrconnel, whoſe friends have juſt paid the voters (ten guineas each) their *berries!* as they are called, which became due after the laſt election. The new candidates are Mr HALL, commander of the Berwick volunteers, at preſent Mayor of that borough, and Mr FORDYCE of Ayton. Colonel CALLENDAR, one of the ſitting members at the laſt election, came in on the independent intereſt, and means to conteſt it again. All of theſe gentlemen are ſupporters of Miniſters, but none of them unite their intereſts. Each ſtruggles for himſelf; and at the next general election, which is ſuppoſed not to be very far diſtant, the *berries* will, no doubt, be plucked in abundance.

A DREADFUL ACCIDENT.

At Coalport, near the Iron Bridge, Shropſhire, on Wedneſday evening laſt, as a conſiderable number of the work-people, men and women, belonging to Meſſ. Rose & Company's China Works, at that place, were returning from the manufactory to their homes on the other ſide of the Severn, in a large boat kept for that purpoſe, ſome of the party very imprudently rocking the boat in a very violent manner, in order to intimidate the women, (which we are ſorry to ſay is too frequent a practice among the inconſiderate) the melancholy conſequence was, that too great a number crowded towards the head of the boat, which was forced under water, and the greater part of the perſons on board were precipitated into the ſtream; when 20 men and eight women unfortunately loſt their lives—many of them leaving widows and orphans to deplore their loſs!

NEWCASTLE, Nov. 2.

At the fair in this town on Tueſday laſt, the number of good horſes was not great, and they ſold at high prices. Of indifferent horſes there was a great number, and they ſold very low. The ſhew of horned cattle was not great, and the prices in general were very low. The number of ſwine were very great, but the prices notwithſtanding were very high. The prices of leather were as under—Calf Skins from 2s. 6d. to 2s. 10d, Backs 2s, 5d. to 2s. 7d. Hides 2s. to 2s. 2d. per lb.

Some ſharpers and pick-pockets attended the fair. A carrier from Otterburn had his waiſtcoat cut through, and a pocket-book containing 75l. in bank-notes, ſtolen out of a pocket in the inſide. One man was apprehended in the attempt to pick a gentleman's pocket near the Theatre.

On Monday laſt, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, held at Berwick upon Tweed, ALEXANDER DODS, for driving a cart over a young woman, and thereby cauſing her death (as mentioned in a former paper) was found guilty of manſlaughter, and ſentenced to twelve months ſolitary impriſonment.

Tueſday laſt, a ſolemn dirge was performed in the Rev. Mr WORSWICK's Chapel in this town, on occaſion of the death of his Holineſs Pope PIUS VI. which happened at Valence, in France, on the 29th of Auguſt laſt. A ſimilar ceremony has been ordered at all the Roman Catholic Chapels in the country.

DUBLIN—October 29.

Yeſterday evening a coach was ſtopped by footpads between Baggotſrath-caſtle and Water-lane, on the Rock-road, and the perſons in it, not only robbed, but, we underſtand ſeverely maltreated—This outrage occurred at ſo early an hour as eight o'clock.

An horrible outrage was committed in the night of Tueſday laſt at Mountſhannon, the houſe of the Lord Chancellor, near Limerick; an old and faithful Engliſhman, his Lordſhip's ſteward, named Allen, was murdered in his bed.—The murderers are ſuppoſed to have entered by a ladder into the window of his room, and from the ſilence with which the crime was conducted, it is conjectured that the unhappy man was ſtrangled in the firſt inſtance; the body was then cut in a variety of pieces, and the next morning being tracked by the blood, was found nearly a quarter of a mile from the houſe on the bank of the river Shannon.

The loyalty and good conduct of this unfortunate man were the only motives which could have inſtigated his murderers.

We are ſorry to obſerve that both before and ſince this tranſaction, the neighbourhood of Limerick has been in a very unquiet ſtate.

Hibernianiſm.—An Iriſh gentleman the other day, in the exceſs of connubial affection, which he was unable to reſtrain before company, exclaimed, "Heaven forbid, my dear, that I ſhould ever live to ſee you a widow!"

The following curious anecdote is taken from a late French Journal:—The central commiſſary of the Lower Alps writes from Digne, that an enraged wolf had attacked ſeveral labourers, women, and travellers, near that place. A ſhepherdeſs had been torn to pieces; a porter had his face dreadfully mangled, an ear torn off, and his aſs deſtroyed; and a woman with her infant had been wounded by this animal. At length it attacked a M. Mevolhon, who, aſſiſted by a Frenchman of the name of Imbert, ventured to engage the wolf at cloſe quarters. Mevolhon threw himſelf on the animal, ſeized him by the jaw, which he continued to hold with ſingular ſtrength and courage, while his companion ſtruck the animal redoubled blows on the head with a large club. The wolf at length diſengaged itſelf from the hold of Mevolhon, and took to flight; but this brave fellow not ſatisfied with having eſcaped the fury of the animal himſelf, determined to rid his neighbourhood of ſuch a dreadful ſcourge. He purſued, and at length overtook the wolf, and ſeized him by the tail, and held him while Imbert diſpatched him.

EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, Oct. 29.

Lothian Oatmeal, 272 bolls. South Country, 29

Mid Lothian per Boll.	*South Country per Boll.*	*Prices per Peck.*
First, L. 1 9 0	First, L. 1 7 6	First, 1s 10d
Second, 1 8 6	Second, 0 0 0	Second, 1 9½
Third, 1 8 0	Third, 0 0 0	Third, 1 9

PRICES IN EDINBURGH MARKET, Oct. 30.

Beef, per lib.	5 d	Butter, per lb	1 0 4 d
Mutton,	5 d	Potatoes, per peck	10 d
Veal,	6 d to 7 d	Eggs, per dozen	1 s 0 d

KELSO PRICES OF GRAIN, Oct. 25.

Wheat	80s od to 87s 6d	Barley	27s od to 35s od
Peaſe	—s od to 43s 6d	Oats	26s od to 28s od
Per boll of 6 Win. buſhels.		Per boll of 7½ Wine. buſh.	

New Wheat, 48s. to 55s.

BERWICK PRICES OF GRAIN, Oct. 26.

Per boll of ſix Winchester buſhels.

Wheat	80s od to 88s od	Barley	26s od to 28s od
New do	46s od to 52s od	Oats	21s od to 24s od

—MARRIED—

On Monday laſt at Innerkip, ROB. FULLARTON, Eſq. merchant, one of the preſent Magiſtrates of Irvine, to Mrs —— KERR, relict of the late Mr James Muir, ſhipbuilder in Port Glaſgow.

At Falkirk, on Monday laſt, Lieut. ARCH. COLQUHOUN, Perthſhire light dragoons, to Miſs JANET BATHGATE, of that place.

—BIRTH—

At Dalkeith Houſe, on the 27th ult. the Countess of HOME was ſafely delivered of a ſon.

—DIED—

At Woolwich, on the 27th ult. much regreted, Mr ROB. EWING merchant, Glaſgow.

Lieut Col. WILLIAM DICKSON, of the 4th regiment of foot, who was killed at the battle of Bergen on the 6th ult. was an officer of uncommon worth and merit. He had ſerved in the ſame regiment during the whole period of the American war, and had upon every occaſion diſtinguiſhed himſelf. Whilſt an Enſign upon Staten Iſland in June 1777, the Field Officers and Captains of the regiment furniſhed a proof of their eſteem for, and dependence upon his character. Upon the 4th of October, in the ſame year, he was ſhot through the body, at the battle of Germantown. He ſerved, during the remainder of the war, in the Weſt Indies, and was beloved and reſpected as a benevolent and humane man and a moſt zealous officer.

The peculiar advantage of adventuring in the Lottery ſupercedes all other modes of chance whatever, as at Whiſt, Hazard, and moſt other games, you riſk the ſame ſtake that you can poſſibly win, and you may as well loſe a thouſand pounds as win a thouſand; but in the Lottery, for leſs than eight pounds you may gain ten thouſand, and for leſs than ſixteen pounds you may gain thirty thouſand; theſe events have happened ſo often (and will aſſuredly happen again); but we need trace no further than the 15th of Auguſt laſt, when Miſs Knight and another lady at Greenwich, got the 10,000 l. prize in the late Iriſh Lottery, by only laying out 7l. 16s. at Mr Nicholſon's, No. 16. Cornhill.

At this office we alſo find that in the laſt Engliſh Lottery a lady at Montroſe in Scotland gained a prize of 10,000 l. likewiſe a gentleman at Lynn in Norfolk a prize of 10,000l.; alſo a prize of 10,000l. to a gentleman in Foulkes-Buildings, Tower-Street; and in the late November Iriſh Lottery a prize of 10,000l. to a gentleman near Truro in Cornwall.

In former lotteries we find the Public have been equally ſucceſsful in purchaſing their tickets and ſhares of Mr Nicholſon; particularly Mr Taylor of Towerhill a prize of 20,000l.; Mr Hackleton, of the Borough, 10,000l.; Mr Johnes, M. P. 5000l.; and many others too numerous to be here noticed. It muſt therefore be allowed that theſe fortunate events are great inducements for every one to be in fortune's way; and no one can be at a loſs to know where to go to participate in the favours of the fickle goddeſs Fortune.

Many medical authors, particularly a late popular writer on diet and regimen, have in the moſt pointed manner, reprobated the uſe of tea for perſons of weak and tender habits, as greatly tending to increaſe their complaints. Is it not then aſtoniſhing that ſuch cannot forego this trifling gratification, when ſo many ſubſtitutes are at hand? of which none is perhaps ſo pleaſant, and at the ſame time ſo ſtrengthening to the ſtomach, as Fry's Patent Cocoa, which has long been in very high repute, and is deſervedly recommended in ſuch caſes.

LLOYD's MARINE LIST—Nov. 1.

THE Nelly, Reed, from Petersburgh, was chaced by a French lugger privateer, within 2 miles of Ramsgate, on the 29th inſt.

The Naſſau MW is loſt on the coaſt of Holland.

The Caroline, Motley, from Liverpool to Philadelphia, is taken by the Vengeance French privateer, in lat. 50, 10—long. 17.

The Peggy, Walmsly, from Dantzig to Montroſe, is loſt near Montroſe, part of the cargo ſaved.

MAILS.

Arrived——Ireland, 4.—Hamburgh, 0—Liſbon, 0.

Due——Ireland, 3.—Hamburgh, 2.

WINDS AT DEAL.

Oct. 29. S. S. E.—30. S. S. W.—31. S.

—ARRIVED AT LEITH.—

Nov. 2. Happy Return, Munro, from London, wheat—Diſpatch, Blair, from Bo'neſs, herrings—Lord Dundonald, Alexander, from Ayr, ballaſt—Jenny and Annie, Connell, from Greenock, ſlates—Maria, Jamieſon, from Glaſgow, goods—Mary, London, from Petersburgh, ditto.

—CLEARED OUT.—

Nov. 2. Eſther Duckitt, for Hull, wool—Betsey, Robertſon, for Lerwick, goods—Ann, Barr, for Alloa, ditto—Ceres, Bruce, for London, ditto—Union, Paterſon, for Berwick, ditto.

—LONDON—

ENTERED INWARDS.

Oct. 28. Dundee, Succeſs, Ballingall; Lord Duncan, Ross—Leith, Britannia, Nesbitt.

Oct. 29. Leith, Commercial Packet, Turner; Eliza, Ord—Aberdeen, Bon Accord, Robinſon; London, Robertſon.—Dundee, Dutcheſs of Athol, Gilbert.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

On Tueſday the 12th November inſtant, in that Lodging north ſide of George's Square, the property of the late LORD JUSTICE CLERK,

A Large and excellent aſſortment of Dining-room, Drawing-room, Bed-chamber, Cupboard, and Kitchen FURNITURE, all in the beſt order, amongſt which are ſeveral very large Mirror Glaſſes, Wilton and other Carpets, with comfortable Beds, Beddings, &c.

Sale to begin each day half paſt ten o'clock preciſely.

DALGLIESH & FORREST, Auctioneers.

THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS.

By the King's Patent.

MR R. JOHNSTON, Apothecary, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of eſtabliſhed repute and extenſive ſale, reſpectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to *recommend* but to *diſtinguiſh* WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD from ſpurious imitations.

Five years have now elapſed ſince Mr Johnſton firſt made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this ſhort period its efficacy has been ſo clearly demonſtrated that its ſale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with heartfelt ſatisfaction he has the happineſs to declare WHITEHEAD's ESSENCE of MUSTARD has cured more perſons afflicted with *Rheumatiſm, Gout, Lumbago, Palſy, Complaints of the Stomach* and other *Painful Maladies*, than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unſolicited ſupport and recommendation of the firſt families in the kingdom.

As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of direction of this original medicine are cloſely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully ſubſtituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common obſervation: Mr Johnſton therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchaſe.

Whitehead's Eſſence of Muſtard, is prepared and ſold, in Pills and in a fluid ſtate, at 2s. 9d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnſton, apothecary and chemiſt, No. 15. Green Street, Soho, London. It is diſtinguiſhed from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the ſignature "R. Johnſton," in his own hand-writing, on each label; ſold alſo by his appointment, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38. North Bridge, Husband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Raeburn, and T. Spence, Edinburgh; Phorſon, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixon, Dumfries; M'Intoſh & Co. Inverneſs; Craigie, Montroſe; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Mennons and M'Donald, Glaſgow.

CHILBLAINS.

N. B. The Fluid Eſſence immediately allays their tormenting itching, and will aſſuredly prevent them from breaking, even when turned quite black; and if uſed according to the directions will abſolutely cure them by three or four applications.

AT LEITH—FOR LONDON DIRECT,

The Union Shipping Company's armed Smack,

LEITH PACKET,

WM. SCOTT Maſter,

Will take in goods till Wedneſday morning, at nine o'clock, when ſhe will ſail.

Union Shipping Co. Office, Leith, Nov. 4. 1799.

NATIONAL DEFENCE.

Subscriptions in the Parish of MANN CAFF.

Patrick Heron of Heron, Esq. M. P.	L. 120	0	0
The Rev. John Garlies Maitland	25	0	0
Patrick Laurie, Esq. of Urral	5	5	0
Alexander Drew, Esq. Creelridge	10	10	0
Mrs Maitland	1	1	0
Miss Maitland	1	1	0
Mr Anthony M'Cornock	1	1	0
Peter M'Cornock, his apprentice	0	1	0
Mr William Wilson, Auchinleck	1	1	0
Mr Andrew Simpson, Creelridge	1	1	0
John M'Ken, Esq. of Glencaird	5	5	0
Mr William Douglas, Drandow	1	1	0
Mrs Laurie, Creelridge	1	1	0
Mr Alex. Minnock, Bardrochwood	1	0	0
Anthony M'Call, Esq. of Craigmill	4	4	0
Mr Henry M'Callan, Barclay	1	1	0
Mr James M'Culloch, Boreland	1	1	0
Mr John Brown, Craigancalzie	1	1	0
James M'Kie, Esq. of Bargally	2	2	0
Messrs. John Kelly, Bargally; Anthony M'Candlish, Kirkland; Eben. Wilson, Barneaghlaw; William Kevan, Craigninie—10s. 6d. each	2	2	0
Peter M'Taggart, Thornyhill	0	1	6
Servants of Mr Laurie of Urral	0	6	0
John Tait, Cowar	0	2	6
Mr Alex. Martin, Lang; Mr Alex. Gordon, Kirclorkan—5s. each	0	10	0
	L. 186	19	0

Subscriptions by the Gentlemen of the County of PEEBLES.

James Wolfe Murray of Cringletie, Esq. advocate, subscribed at Edinburgh	L. 31	10	0
John Carmichael of Skirling, Esq.	200	0	0
Robert Nuller Campbell of Kailzie, Esq.	100	0	0
Sir George Montgomery of Magbiehill, Bart.	100	0	0
Colonel Alex. Dickson of Hartree	100	0	0
Colonel James Murray, at Cringletie	21	0	0
Alex. Tweedie, of Quarter, Esq.	42	0	0
George Gibson of Brewlands, Esq.	52	10	0
Thomas Tweedie of Oliver, Esq.	100	0	0
Wm. Welsh of Mossfennan, Esq.	40	0	0
Æneas M'Kay of Scotston, Esq.	31	10	0
Walter Williamson of Cardrona, Esq.	31	10	0
Major William Montgomery, younger of Stanhope, M. P.	100	0	0
	L. 950	0	0

Subscriptions in the Parish of KINTAIL, viz.

Town of Killoglass.

Farquhar M'Rae	L. 1	0	0
John Bain M'Rae	0	10	0
Finlay M'Rae, schoolmaster	0	5	0
Duncan M'Rae, sen.; his son; Duncan M'Rae, jun.; Donald M'Rae, pensioner—2s. 6d. each	0	10	0
John Oag	0	4	0
Christopher M'Rae, Taddoch; Malcolm M'Rae, jun.; Malcolm M'Rae, sen.; Donald M'Rae, Christopher M'Rae, Finlay Chisholm; his son; John M'Linnan—2s. each	0	16	0
John M'Rae, servant, Coibrigh	0	1	6
Rory M'Rae	0	1	0

Cambusbanry.

John M'Millan, Alex. M'Rae, Farquhar M'Rae—2s. 6d. each	0	7	6
Duncan M'Rae, Murdo M'Alister—2s. each	0	4	0
Alexander M'Rae, widow's son	0	1	6

Reerach.

Mr Roderick Morrison	2	2	0
Roderick M'Linnan, schoolmaster	0	3	0
John Cameron, Farquhar M'Rae, sen.; Charles M'Rae, jun.; Donald Roy M'Rae—1s. each	0	4	0
	L. 6	9	6

Lineffy Farm.

Roderick M'Lennan	L. 2	2	0
Duncan M'Rae, weaver	0	3	0
John M'Earlich	0	2	0
Christopher Coar, Murdo Bruce, John Fraser Millar, Murdo Bain M'Lennan—1s. each	0	4	0

Inverinate.

Farquhar M'Rae, and son—3s. 6d. each	0	7	0
Murdo M'Lennan, Alex. M'Lennan, Farquhar M'Rae, jun.—2s. 6d. each	0	7	6
Duncan M'Rae, merchant	0	6	0
John M'Rae, Christopher M'Millan, his father—1s. each	0	3	0

Leaghault.

Christopher M'Lennan	0	10	0

Kippoch.

Farquhar M'Rae, Alex. M'Donald—2s. 6d. each	0	5	0
John M'Rae, widow's son; Farquhar Roy M'Rae—1s. each	0	2	0

Carr.

Duncan Oag M'Rae, Donald M'Rae, Christopher M'Rae—5s. each	0	15	0
Duncan M'Rae	0	1	0
	L. 11	17	0

The Killage of Dornie.

The Volunteers of the Parish	L. 0	12	0
Alex. Mathison, schoolmaster, 5s.—Dun. M'Kay, pensioner, 5s.—Donald M'Millan, 1s.—Alex. M'Rae, 2s.—Kenneth M'Millan, 2s. 6d.—Duncan M'Millan, 2s. 6d.—John M'Rae, pensioner, 2s.—Colin M'Rae, 1s.—Donald Roy M'Rae, 1s.—Murdo M'Rae, 1s.—Donald Buie, 6d.—John M'Lennan, 1s. 6d.—Farquhar M'Rae, 1s.—John M'Rae, the wounded pensioner, 2s.—Rory M'Culloch—6d.	1	8	6
	L. 25	5	6

Subscriptions in the united Parishes of STRONSAY and EDAY, in Orkney.

Stronsay.

The Rev. Mr Anderson	L. 5	5	0
Mrs Anderson	2	2	0
Marg. Schelchway, 1s. 6d.—James Brock, 1s. 6d.—Isabel Chalmers, 1s.—Helen Cooper, 9d.—Janet Sinclair, 9d. servants to the minister	0	6	0
George Sherar, tenant of the lands of Gilbert Laing of Rotteiholm, Esq.	5	5	0
Mrs Sherar	2	2	0
P. Maxwell, subtenant in Downatown, 5s.—Wm. Peace, cotter, 2s.—Robert Thomson, servant, 2s.	0	9	0
John Fothering, tenant in the Bay, 10s.—Henry Leash, tenant in Mihsfield, 3s.—James Taylor, miller; P. Miller at Sangarlatt, tenant in Cleftram, 1s.—John Miller, kirk-officer, 1s.	0	16	0
Henry Sinclair, tenant in Cleftrain, 5s.—Scol. Shethway, weaver, assistant session-clerk, 2s.—R. Lenay, cotter, 1s.—P. Lenay, ditto, 1s.—J. Peace, shoemaker, 1s.—R. Reid, servant, 1s.—Charles Lenay, ditto, 1s.—Ja. Stevenson, servant boy, 6d.—Rd. Lenay, ditto, 6d.—Mary Croy, servant maid, 1s.	0	14	0
John Sinclair, tenant in Kirbuston, 10s.—Sibetter Sinclair, a young woman at Udalhouse, 1s.	0	11	0
Wm. Sinclair, tenant in Kelland	0	10	0
P. Miller, tenant in Papa Stronsay	0	5	0
Edward Miller, grieve at Disses, 2s.—John Stetway, precentor in the kirk, 3s.	0	5	0
James Morwick, servant at Medgarth, 1s.—P. Miller, servant there, 1s.—P. Rae, cotter there, 1s.—P. Mackie, weaver there, 1s.	0	4	0
Robert Croy, weaver	0	1	6
The Society of Tanners in the island of Stronsay	3	3	0

Parish of Eday.

James Murray, at Grantoft, tenant of Mr Balkie's whole lands in this parish	1	0	0
Robert Reid, 1s.—Thomas Reid, 1s.—John Scott, 1s.—William Swansey, 1s.—William Quarcas, 1s.—William Leach, 1s. 6d.—P. Laughlin, 1s. 6d.—Alexander Irvine, 1s. 6d.—William Morval, precentor in the kirk, 1s. 6d.—William Connack, kirk officer, 6d.—Robert Connack, 6d.—R. Reid, 6d.—William Liddle, 6d.—Thomas Cooper, 6d.—P. Mowat, 6d.—P. Reid, 6d.—R. Allan, 6d.—Thomas Omand, 6d.—John Bogle, 6d.—James Scott, 6d.—P. Miller, 6d.—T. Allan, 6d.—D. Houston, 6d.—R. Grant, 6d.—And. Swanny, 6d.—George Sherar, 6d.	1	1	6
	L. 24	0	0

GROUND AT THE SOUTH END OF THE SOUTH BRIDGE, EDINBURGH, TO BE FEUED.

There are to be FEUED, for building on,

A BOUT THREE SCOTS ACRES of GROUND formerly belonging to the Duke of Roxburgh. This ground is immediately to the east of Dr MONRO's Property, the North Front of it forming a continuation of Drummond Street.

The very central situation of this property, its being free from the burdens payable by houses within the royalty of the city of Edinburgh, and the other well-known advantages attending it, render it the most desirable situation for houses in or about Edinburgh.

Apply to Francis Braidwood, South Bridge Street, or James Gibson, W. S. who will shew the plan upon which the ground is to be feued, and inform as to other particulars.

SET OF LANDS NEAR LINTON IN TWEEDALE.

To be LET and entered to at Martinmas 1799,

THE LANDS of LEADLAW and ROBENSLAND, as presently occupied by Andrew Ballentyne, Archibald Ritchie, Robert and Walter Stevensons, lying in the vicinity of the village of Linton, and shire of Peebles.

The arable or corn ground of these possessions extends to between 60 and 70 acres; the bog pasture to near 100, and there is an extensive hill pasture. They will be either set separately as at present held, or together to one tenant.

James Macdougal in Linton will shew the lands, and proposals of set may be transmitted to Mr Chatto, the proprietor, at Newcastle, or to Bain Whyt, W. S. No. 50. South Bridge, betwixt and Tuesday the 19th November, when the sets will be given according to the best offers made.

VALUABLE FARMS OF SOUTHESK, IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR, TO LET.

THE following FARMS to be Let for such a number of years as shall be agreed upon:

1. HAUGHS OF KINNAIRD, containing upwards of 225 acres of arable land, besides valuable pasture. This farm lies between Brechin and Montrose; the soil, situation, climate, access to markets and manure, are what a taxsman should wish for. The dwelling house and farm offices are good and commodious.

2. POWIS, containing about 180 acres arable.—This farm is in a high state of cultivation, having been lately limed at the rate of 50 bolls shells to the acre, consists of a desirable proportion of clay and black ground. The houses in complete repair. The distance from Montrose three miles, and only half a mile from a good pier, where grain is shipped and lime landed.

3. LIGHTON HILLS, containing about 180 acres arable acres, besides a large field of good pasture.

4. COLDCOATS, about 80 acres.

These two farms are situated about half way between Brechin and Montrose.

Apply to Mr Greenhill, at Old Montrose, by Montrose, who has power to give every encouragement to good tenants.

SALE OF LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF ROXBURGH.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 4th December next, between the hours of two and three A. M.

THE LANDS of WHITERIG, in the parish of Bowden, consisting of about 92 capital arable acres, divided into inclosures by thriving hedges and plantations.—There is a neat Mansion-house, and a convenient set of offices in the centre of the property.—It is remarkably well calculated for a villa, or the residence of a Gentleman who wishes to amuse himself with farming, being situated in a very desireble neighbourhood, only miles distant from Melrose, ten from Jedburgh and Kelso, all good market towns, and about half a mile from the great road from Edinburgh to Newcastle, by Jedburgh.

The purchaser can have access to the natural possession of the lands at Whitsunday next. The tenant will show the lands; and persons wishing to purchase, may apply for further particulars to Cornelius and James Elliots, writers to the signet, Edinburgh, in whose hands are the title-deeds and plan of the estate, and who have power to sell by private bargain.

By Adjournment.

SALE OF VALUABLE ESTATES IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be SOLD on Friday the 8th day of November curt. within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of BALLINSHOE and CRAIGNATHRO', lying in the Parishes of Kirriemuir and Forfar, together or in lots.

The said lands of Ballinshoe, &c. lie contiguous and within two miles of Forfar and Kirriemuir. They consist of about 1400 acres of rich arable land, (800 of which are substantially inclosed and divided by stone dykes) 200 acres of planting, and about 500 acres of pasture and moss.

The moss affords not only an abundant supply of fuel to the estate but also for sale. There is likewise in these lands a bed of shell marle easily wrought.

The lands of Craignathro' lie in the vicinity of Forfar, and consist of about 300 acres of good arable land, and they are inclosed and subdivided by good stone dykes.

The farm houses of Craignathro' are lately built and slated. On these lands there is an excellent free-stone quarry, and a quarry of most valuable slate.

The lands of Craignathro' will be sold by themselves in one lot; and if the lands of Ballinshoe, &c. are not sold in one lot, they will be exposed in the two following lots, viz.

LOT I. Comprehending those parts of the lands of Ballinshoe, lying to the eastward of the public road leading from Forfar to Kirriemuir.

LOT II. Comprehending the remaining parts of the lands of Ballinshoe, and lying to the westward of said road.

The present rent of Ballinshoe and Craignathro' exclusive of the moss, marle, planting, and quarries, exceeds 1250 Sterling. There are also a considerable number of kaines of different kinds.

The public burdens are very moderate, being only 15 bolls, 9 pecks, 3 lippies meal, 7 bolls of bear, and 14l. 17s. 6d. 10 12ths Sterling.

The whole of these lands are out of lease or nearly so, and very great rises of rent may be depended upon.

The lands of Ballinshoe hold feu of the Earl of Strathmore for payment of 7l. 3s. 9d. 9-12ths Sterling, which is included in the amount of the public burdens above mentioned.

The lands of Craignathro' hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess books at 233l. 6s. 8d. Scots.

The teinds of the lands of Ballinshoe, &c. in the parish of Kirriemuir were valued in the 1634, and they are nearly exhausted by the late augmentation given to the minister of the parish.

It will be observed that the superiority of the lands of Ballinshoe, Woodhead, and Bariesdalefaulds, retoured to a fifty shilling land of old extent, is presently for sale, which may be an object to persons intending to purchase the lands of Ballinshoe, &c.

Those desirous of further information, or of purchasing the whole of the above lands, or any of the lots, may apply to Charles Greenhill, Esq. of Fearn, Old Montrose, by Montrose, or to Thomas Duncan, writer in Edinburgh, who have powers to conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

SALE OF SAUCHRIE IN AYRSHIRE.

The upset price being now REDUCED *from* 8500l. *to* 7000l.

THE LANDS and ESTATE of SAUCHRIE, lying in the parish of Maybole and shire of Ayr, are to be exposed to public auction, in the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, in Edinburgh, *on Friday the 25th day of November curt.* between the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon.

This estate consists of 755 English acres; it is three miles distant from the town of Maybole; six miles from Ayr; and about the same distance from coal and lime, to which there is easy access by good roads. The free yearly rent (the public burdens being trifling) is 254l. 1s. 1d. which must rise considerably on the expiry of the present leases.—About 300 acres of the lands are inclosed and subdivided; the fields are in general well watered, and sheltered with hedge-rows of old trees and broad belts of planting, all which are in the most thriving condition. There are nearly 40 acres of wood on this property, of very considerable value, great part of which may be cut and thinned at present with much profit and advantage.

The Mansion-house is delightfully situated, with suitable Offices and an excellent Garden; the whole being calculated for the accommodation of a genteel family. The Farm Houses are new and substantial, a purchaser may enter to the immediate possession of above 60 acres of valuable land surrounding the house. The estate and neighbouring country abound with game, and a fine trouting stream runs through the lands.—A more desirable country residence is not at present to be found.

This estate is held feu of the Prince. The lands are not thirled to any mill; and the teinds are valued and exhausted. An accurate measurement and plan of the property has been lately made, with an estimate of its value including the growing timber upon the estate, and with the title deeds and leases, may be seen in the hands of Alexander Young, W. S. No. 48, Queen Street, Edinburgh.

A copy of the plan and measurement may likewise be seen in the hands of Tho. M'Clelland, writer in Ayr, who will furnish every other necessary information; and the house and ground will be shewn to any person who may apply for that purpose, at the Mansion-house of Sauchrie.

Offers for a sale by private bargain, will be received by Mr Young, any time between and the day of sale.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday the 25th November current, at one o'clock afternoon, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,

FEU DUTIES of CERTAIN SUBJECTS lying in Nicolson's Street and Crosscauseway, which belonged to the late Robert Angus, and now to Mr Peter Angus, amounting, after deduction of the feu duty payable to the heirs of Sir James Nicolson, to 33l. 14s. 9d. The Feuers pay a double of the feu duty at the entry of the heirs, and two of them are at present in non-entry.

For particulars apply to Adam Bruce, writer in Edinburgh.

SALE OF GROWING TIMBER AT ALVA,

Near Alloa.

To be SOLD, by public roup, on Monday the 18th of November, and two following days,

A CONSIDERABLE QUANTITY of FULL GROWN VALUABLE TIMBER, consisting of Ash, Oak, Elm, Plane, Sangh, Hornbeam, and a variety of other wood.

SCOTS FIR TIMBER.

ABOUT 7000 old SCOTS FIR TREES, containing at an average, about 12 solid feet of Timber each Tree, are to be sold by roup within the New Inn at Inverary, upon Thursday the 12th day of December, 1799, (and not on the 14th November as formerly advertised) at noon—unless previously disposed of by private bargain, of which notice will be given.

The Trees are growing within a quarter of a mile or thereby of the shore of Lochfine, where they may be conveniently shipped.

The purchaser must cut down the Trees and carry them away.

For other particulars apply to Mr Ferrier, W. S. Edinburgh; or Mr Graham, Inverary.

Judicial Sale of Three Hundred and Forty Acres
OF THE
FOREST OF CULROSS,
COSISTING OF WOOD OF FORTY-THREE YEARS OLD.

To be exposed to SALE, by auction, on Friday the 15th day of November curt. within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session,

THREE HUNDRED & FORTY ACRES of the FOREST of CULROSS, consisting of FIR WOOD of forty-three years old, in the lots, and at the upset prices following, *viz.*

Lots.	*Measure.*	*Upset Prices.*
1	6.520	L. 748 7 2
2	5.130	591 16 5
3	5.	480 19 6
4	5.110	488 12 9½
5	5.880	560 1 7½
6	6.750	622 8 11
7	6.900	588 19 7
8	6.100	517 3 3½
9	6.60	559 8 10
10	6.	555 14 11
11	5.350	370 6 3
12	5.500	447 4 0
13	6.330	507 16 6
14	6.750	606 2 10
15	1.600	104 8 9½
16	7.050	435 19 7½
17	7.500	543 0 0
18	7.	457 0 4½
19	4.400	212 17 9
20	4.900	402 15 7
21	4.800	400 18 0
22	4.900	418 15 11½
23	53.600	4675 7 10
24	33.920	2351 10 10½
25	64.100	3151 10 9½
26	45.30	2502 4 2
27	18.	1187 4 4

The acre, at an average, contains about 3500 cubic feet of measurable wood, and 6000 running feet of Pit wood. The measurable wood is only valued at 6d per cubic foot, and the Pit wood at one farthing per foot. The Forest is situated within a mile and a half of the sea, and a good road is now making and pier building for the more readily transporting the wood when cut, for which purpose a proper time will be allowed.

The Forester will shew the premisses; and the articles of roup, with a plan of valuation of the Forest, are to be seen in the office of Mr Bruce, depute clerk of Session, and Robert Watson, writer, Park-sstreet, agent in the Sale, will furnish intended offerers with printed copies of a report of the value and different lots of the Forest, and give any other necessary information.

BERWICKSHIRE GAME DUTY.

LIST of Persons to whom Certificates and Deputations have been issued for killing Game, by the Sheriff-clerk of Berwickshire, from 31st July 1799.

George Baillie of Jervifwood, Esq.
Mr James Bowmaker, Thirlestoun Castle
John Bell, Esq. at Linthill
Mathew Bell, Esq. Berwick
5 George Buchan, Esq. of Kelloe
John Bell, Esq. Berwick
Mr James Cockburn, Swinton Quarter
Ralph Compton, Esq. Learmouth
Anthony Forster of Jardenfield, Esq.
10 Mr Robert Grant, Greenry
Mr John Herriot, Ladykirk
Mr J. M. Elliot Herriot, Ladykirk
Mr David Hume, at Press
James Home of Fairlaw
15 James Haig, Esq. of Bemerside
Major Robert Johnston of Huttonhall
John Lumsdaine, Esq. of Blanerne
Mr Robert Logan, Burnhall
The Hon. Thomas Maitland, Thirlestoun Castle
20 The Right Hon. Lord Maitland
Stewart Marjoribanks, Esq. Lees
Joseph Marshall, Esq. of Edrington
Major —— Manson, Eduam
Mr William Myrtle, Boon
25 John Murray, Esq. Corsbie
Mr John Murray, Ladykirk
Mr David Murray, Schemer
Mr James Norris, Fans
Mr Henry Oliphant, Eckford
30 Sir Alexander Purves of Purves, Bart.
Mr Henry Potts, Mindrem
William Robertson, Esq. of Ladykirk
Alexander Renton, Esq. of Lamberton
William Roy, Esq. of Nenthorn
35 Major William Shillinglaw of Birkhillside
John Spottiswood, Esq. of Spottiswood
George Sommerville, Esq. of Airhouse
John Swinton, Esq. of Swinton
Patrick Smith of Rudylock, Esq.
40 Mr James Sommerville, Little Swinton
Mr James Simson at Addiston
Mr George Trotter Gregson, at Kersfield Mains
Mr Robert Trotter, Sisterpath
Mr William Veatch, Swinton Mill
45 Mr John Wilson, Cheeklaw
Mr James White, Norham
Mr Nathaniel Yelloby, Edenmouth.

DEPUTATIONS TO GAMEKEEPERS.

Robert Hay, Esq. of Drummelzier—to William Darling, his servant
Alexander Boswall, Esq. of Blackadder—to James Wait, his servant
Mrs Margaret Carre of Nisbet—to Alexander Liddel, her servant
The Right Hon. the Earl of Lauderdale—to Thomas Livingstone, his servant
5 Dr Francis Home of Coldingknows—to Francis Home, his servant
Dalhousie Weatherstone, Esq. of Manderston—to Thomas Wells, his servant
John Marjoribanks of Eccles—to Edward Lauther, his servant
The Right Hon. Lady Elizabeth Gavin—to Charles M'Lean, her servant
Robert Frank, gamekeeper upon the estate of Bushby
10 Patrick Smith, Esq. of Rudylock—to William Kinghorn, his servant
James Wilkie, Esq. of Fouldean—to Nicol Brown, his servant.

JAMES BELL.

By Order of his Majesty's Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties,
JOHN BRETTELL, Sec.

HOUSE AND GARDEN AT THE SHORE OF ALLOA

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THAT NEW HOUSE at the shore or New Town of Alloa, with Cellars and a Garden behind the same, possessed by Mrs Ogilvie and others. The House is substantially built and well finished within these twelve months past, and consists of two flats, each containing four fire rooms, and suitable conveniencies, with a garret storey fitted up for good bed rooms. It is calculated to accommodate either one or more families, and from its healthy and pleasant situation, must be a desirable purchase.

The tenants will shew the premisses, and part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Drummond, writer in Alloa, or Robert Sconce, writer in Stirling.

TO BE LET,

For any number of years not exceeding twelve, and entered to at Martinmas next, 1799,

THE HOUSE, GARDEN, and OFFICES of BALGARVIE, situated in the parishes of Cupar and Monimeal, and county of Fife.

The house is modern, large, and elegant, and is fit to accommodate any family.

A lessee may have also about forty acres of rich ground, inclosed and laid down in contiguous grass fields.

For further particulars apply to Edward Bruce, clerk to the Signet.

Joseph Low, gardener at Balgarvie, will show the premises.

HOUSES IN EDINBURGH,
AND ABERDOUR, IN FIFESHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, on Thursday the 14th November, at twelve o'clock noon,

A DWELLING-HOUSE at Laurieston, formerly the property of John Alexander, maltster in Aberdour.—The house consists of two floors, and four apartments on each floor. Also, a small Cow-house and Loft immediately behind the dwelling-house. The premisses have the convenience of a pump-well. When under the management of the proprietor, they let for betwixt 13l. and 14l. Sterling, but having been in the hands of creditors for some time past, are only at present rented for about 10l.

AND,

On Saturday the 9th Nov. at twelve o'clock noon, by public roup, within the house of George Bell, innkeeper, Aberdour,

The following SUBJECTS, also formerly the property of the said John Alexander—viz.

A DWELLING-HOUSE at the west end of the town of Aberdour, with a large Garden behind it.—This house consists of six apartments.

Another DWELLING-HOUSE, presently occupied by the said John Alexander, consisting of four fire-rooms, and other conveniencies. Also, two Malt Barns, a Kiln, Brew-house, Corn Barn, Stable, Byre, and Garden, all adjoining to the dwelling-house. This part of the property is in good repair, having been very lately built, and is remarkably well calculated for carrying on the brewing and malting business to a considerable extent.—And, lastly,

An OLD HOUSE, immediately adjoining to the last mentioned subjects.

John Alexander will shew the subjects in Aberdour; and Mr Martin, No. 5. George Street, will give any other information which may be wanted.

THE INCOMPARABLE
CORDIAL BALM OF GILEAD.

At once the most elegant and efficacious Medicine ever discovered for NERVOUS DISEASES.

IN weak and shattered Constitutions, weakness of sight or memory, hypochondria, trembling, horrors of the mind, sexual debility, and all other diseases arising from a relaxed state of the nervous system, and often the consequence of intemperance, debauchery, inattention to the necessary cares of health, luxury, in sedentary, inactive, or studious life, this Cordial Balm has universally established its restorative efficacy, and may be justly enumerated among the foremost of those happy discoveries which medical research has procured as the blessings of the human race, and greatest counteractive to human misery. Thousands at this day, in the three kingdoms, live to bless the day they first applied to this admirable remedy, and enjoy the blessings of health, who might otherwise have dropped into an untimely grave, the victims of early imprudence.

This celebrated Medicine is prepared by S. SOLOMON, M. D. Liverpool, Member of the Royal College of Physicians, Aberdeen—and sold in bottles, at 10s. 6d. each. Dr Solomon has just sent his agent A. SMITH a fresh supply of the Medicine—also some 5l. Cases, containing equal to 12 bottles, which is a saving to the patient of 26s.

For the accommodation of the Public he has appointed the following Agents in Scotland, of whom may be had, his interesting publication the GUIDE TO HEALTH, price 3s. and his TREATISE on NERVOUS and HYPOCHONDRIATIC COMPLAINTS, price 1s. 6d.

Sold by Dr Solomon's particular appointment, by

ANDREW SMITH, Perfumer, and Vender of Patent Medicines, No. 38. North Bridge, and Mr Keltie, Edinburgh.

Mr Angus M'Donald, Glasgow, general wholesale vender for Scotland; and by Mess. Phorson, Berwick; Browning, Paisley; Craigie, Montrose; Caw, Banff; Anderson, Stirling; Wyllie, Dumfries; Forsyth, Ayr; Mitchell, Aberdeen; J. Allan, Dundee; Paton, Montrose; Meggat, Dalkeith; M'Intosh and Co. Inverness; Fotheringham, Dunfermline; Coke, Leith; Johnston and Bisset, Perth; Dempster, Cupar and Palmer Kelso.

LEAKE'S PATENT PILLS.

Copy of a Letter from T. MARCH, Esq. to THO. TAYLOR Surgeon, No. 9. New Bridge-Street, London.

DEAR SIR,

I WROTE to you in October last, giving an account of a great and speedy cure performed by your *Leake's Patent Pills*, purchased at Mrs Senior's, of this place, in a very bad Case, desiring you, for the general good of mankind, to make the same public, to which you objected, on account of its being signed only with the initials of my name; this appeared a reasonable objection, but having since seen great and good effects from the use of your medicine, and the cure standing firm, I wish to do this away, by desiring you to use my name in confirmation of it, in any publications you may think proper; and as I understand the said pills are a very extraordinary and good remedy for the Yellow Fever, as well as the Yaws, be so good to send me a few dozen boxes for some of my friends abroad, in which you will oblige your grateful friend.

Sittingborne, Jan. 16. 1799. THOMAS MARCH.

To T. TAYLOR, Surgeon, No. 9, New Bridge Street, London.

DEAR SIR,

WITH the Grace of God, and your Pills, I am at last (after lying at death's door almost six months) able to resume my business.—But I am now greatly elated with joy at the efficacious cure which your pills have made on me. I was given over by the Faculty, and at the point of death, when I was advised by a friend to try your pills, which I did with every success, and am now as well as ever I was in my life. I remain, Sir, with respect and obedience, your humble servant,

Norwich, May 13. 1799. DAVID REYNOLDS.

P. S. I will be much obliged to you if you would for the good of mankind publish this in the papers.

The above medicine is earnestly recommended to all persons who are in any doubt of their being entirely free of every infection, as it will most certainly eradicate completely every taint, of however long standing, or however disguised under the appearance of other disorders it may be: For Scorbutic, Glandular, and Cutaneous Complaints, it is also recommended to be taken, especially in the spring, summer, and fall.

Prepared and sold by the Sole Proprietor, THOS. TAYLOR, Member of the Corporation of Surgeons, London, at his house, No. 9. New-Bridge-Street, where he will give advice without afee to persons taking these pills, and will answer patients letters, if post paid, on the same terms, observing in all cases the most inviolable secrecy, no person's name or case having been mentioned, but at their own particular request, by the Proprietor, during the course of more than 35 years that he has had the conducting of an extensive sale of the above medicine, and the practice arising therefrom. They are also sold, by his appointment, at Mr WATSON's, Bookseller, South Bridge, Edinburgh; Mr Mennons', printer, Glasgow; Mr Black's, Belfast; Mr Calwell's, Dublin; Mr Walker's, Newcastle; and by one person in every considerable town in England, &c. in boxes of only 2s. 9d. each, sealed up with full and plain directions.

N. B. Every box sold in Great Britain is sealed up with a Stamp, on which, by favour of the Commissioners, is printed at the Stamp-Office, *T. Taylor, No. 9. New Bridge Street*—to imitate which is felony, and all others are counterfeits.